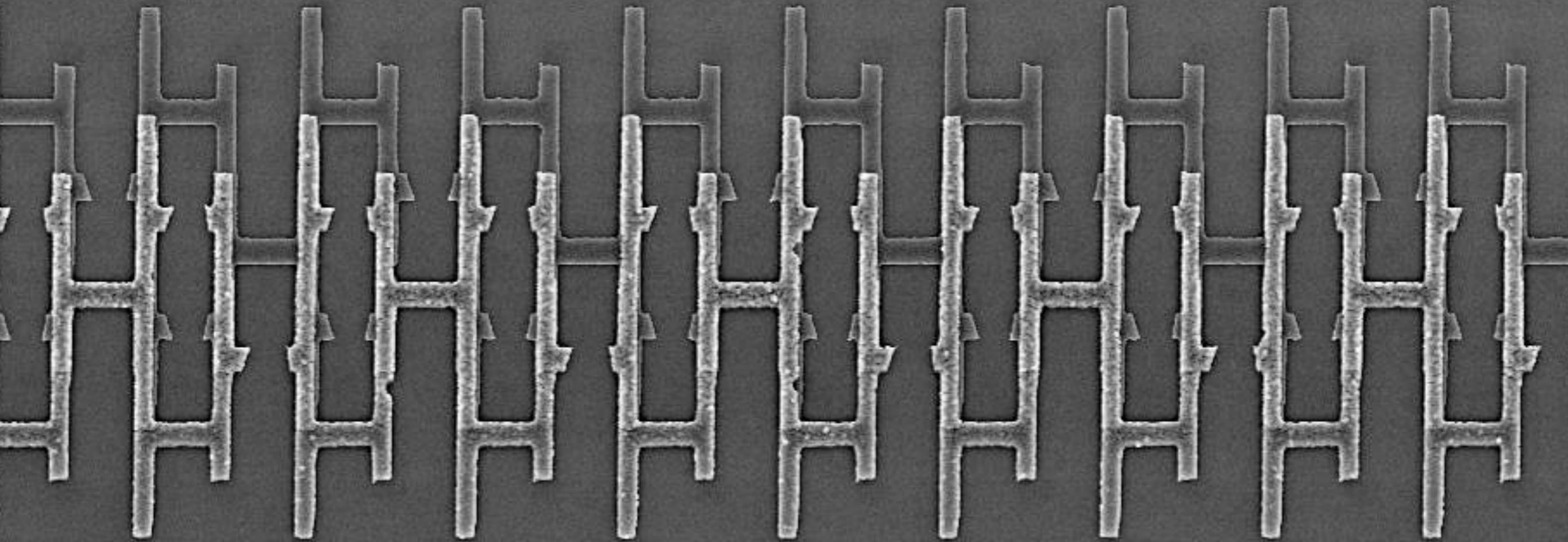


High impedance (meta)-materials for quantum circuits



Nicolas Roch
Neel Institute, Grenoble, France

Superconducting quantum circuits team



Quantum Engineering
Univ. Grenoble Alpes

Acknowledgments



Grenoble



Serge
Florens



Nicolas
Gheereart



Benjamin
Sacépé



U. Witwatersrand
Johannesburg



Izak
Snymann

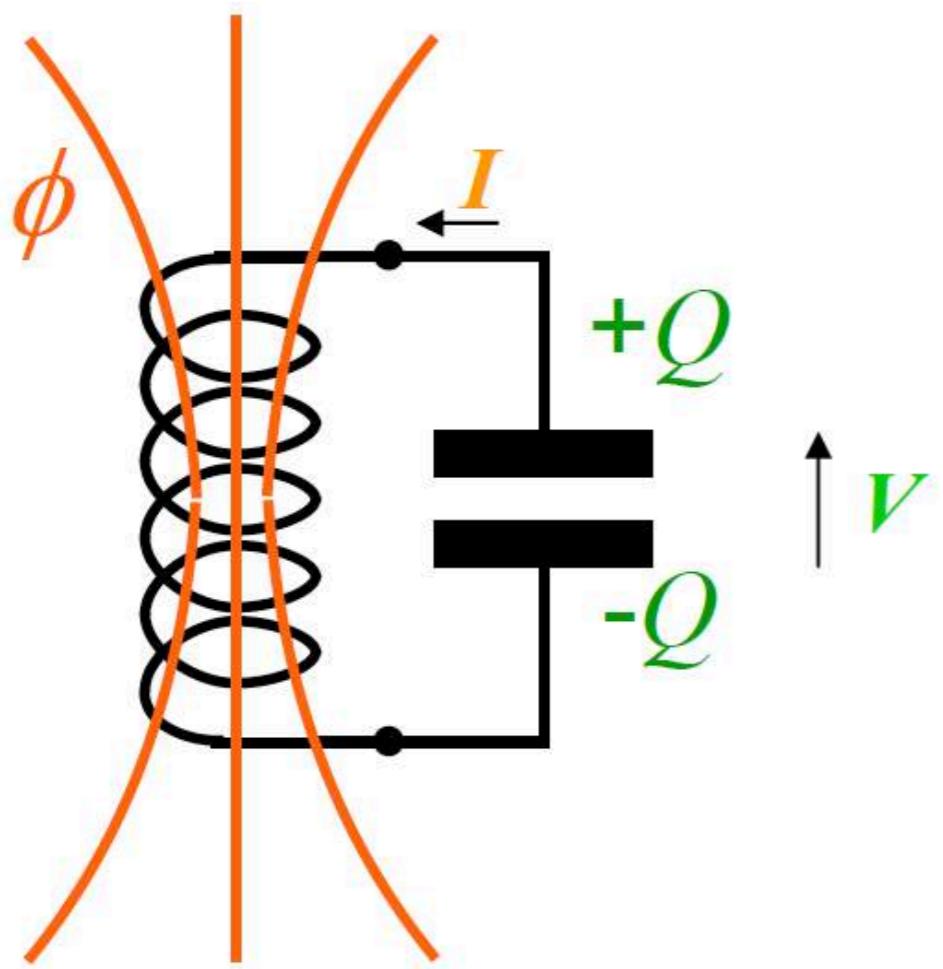


Denis
Basko



Grenoble

Quantum circuits: harmonic oscillator



Resonant frequency

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{LC}}$$

Impedance

$$Z_0 = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$$

Flux in inductor

$$\phi(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t V(t') dt'$$

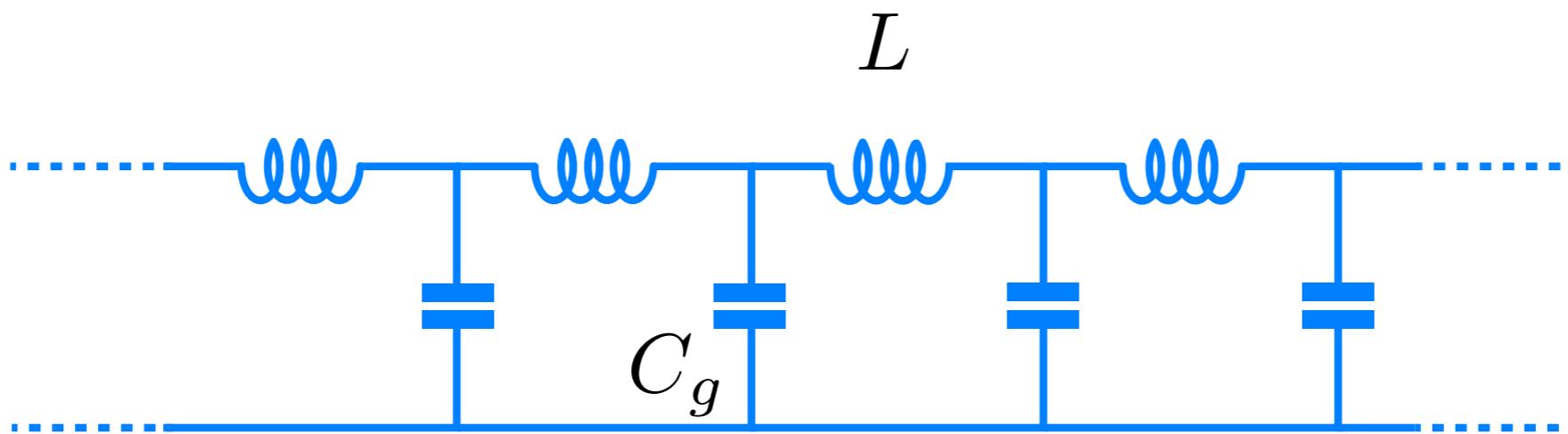
$$\langle \phi^2 \rangle = \frac{\hbar Z_0}{2} \coth \left(\frac{\beta \hbar \omega_0}{2} \right)$$

Charge on capacitor

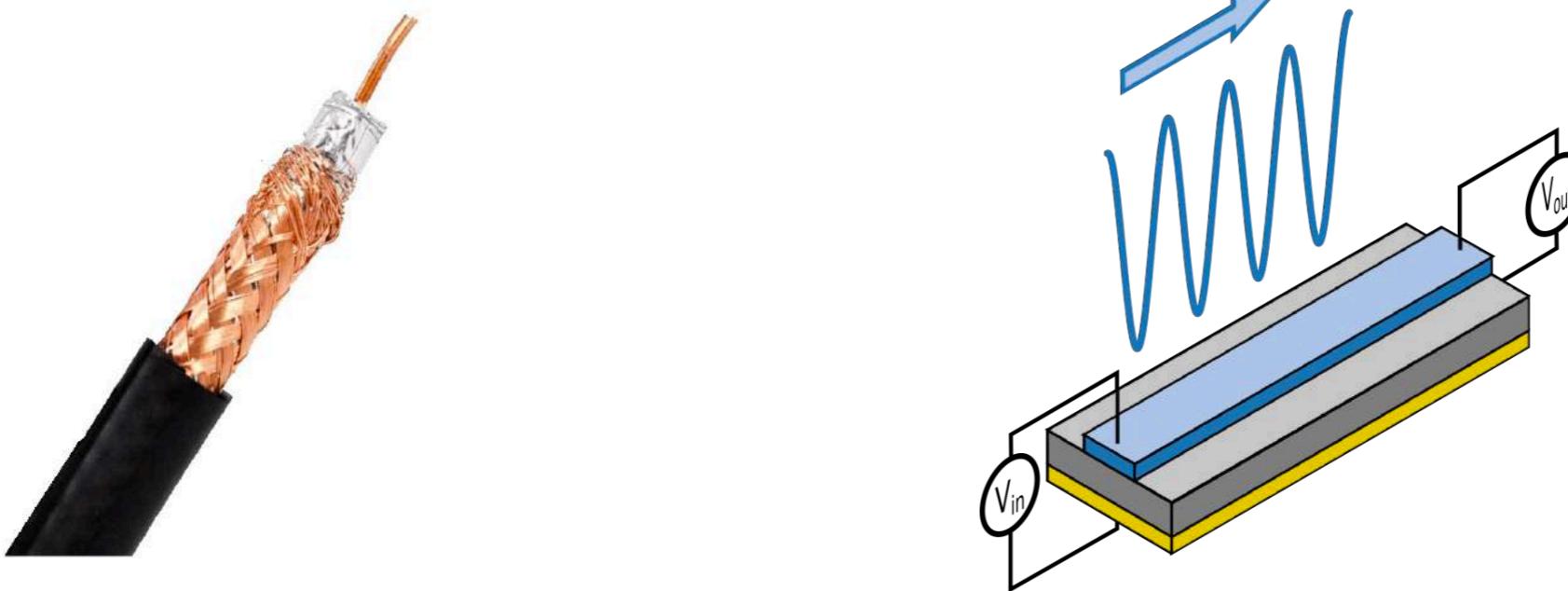
$$Q(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t I(t') dt'$$

$$\langle Q^2 \rangle = \frac{\hbar}{2 Z_0} \coth \left(\frac{\beta \hbar \omega_0}{2} \right)$$

Quantum circuits: transmission line

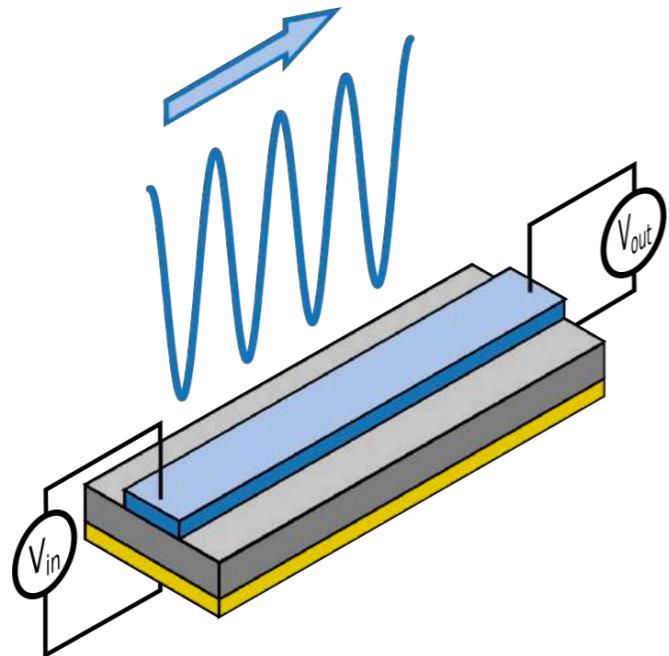


$$Z_c = \sqrt{L/C_g}$$



Why high impedances?

Physics of the (meta)-materials

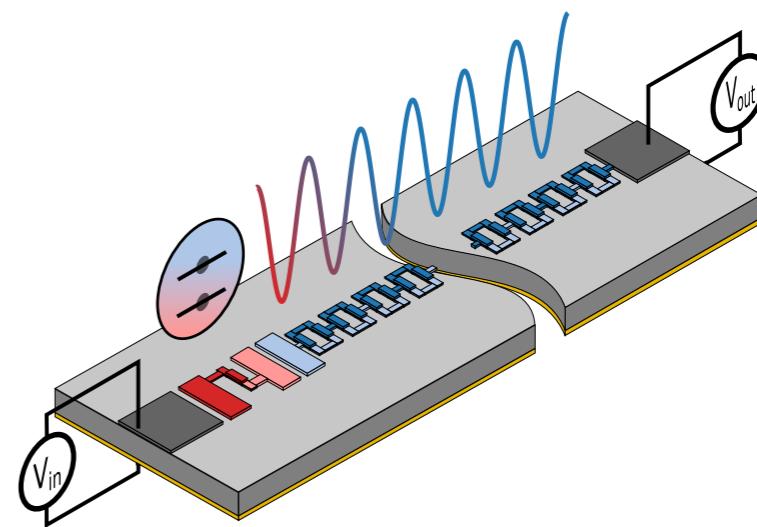


e.g. superconductor
close to the SIT

$$Z_c \sim h/(2e)^2 = 6.45 \text{ } k\Omega$$

R. Fazio & H. van der Zant,
Physics Reports (2001)

Model systems



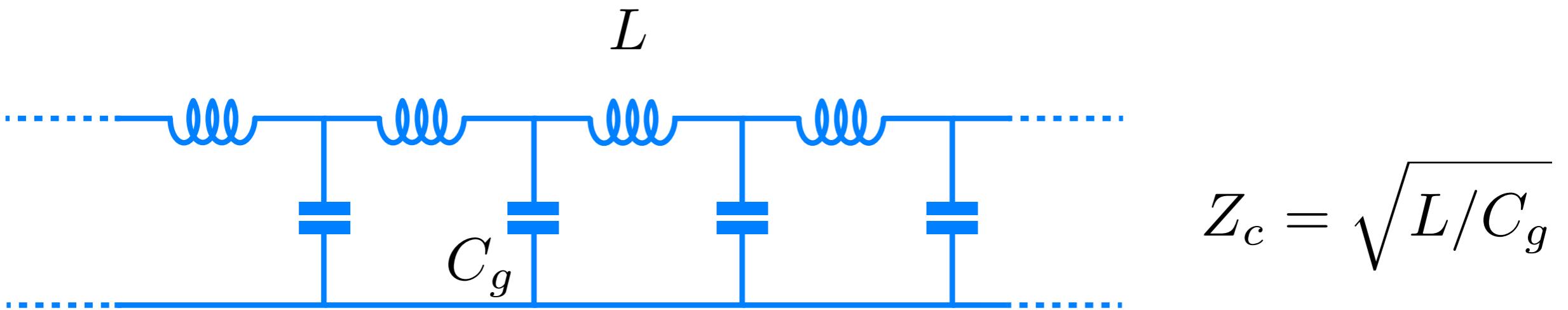
e.g. dissipative
quantum circuits

strong phase fluctuations across
a single Josephson junction

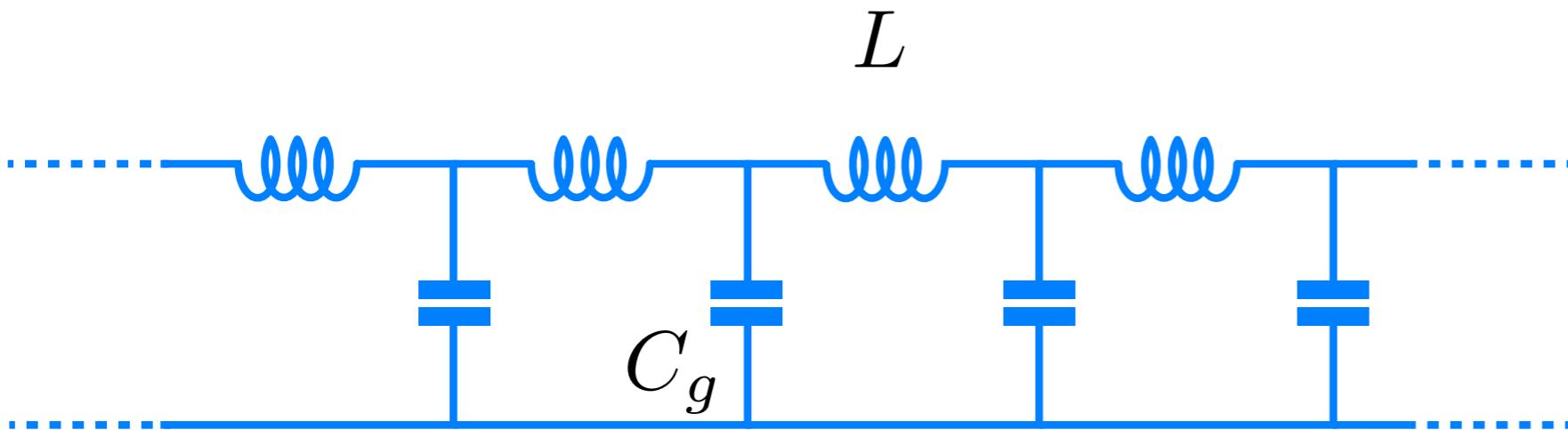
$$\langle \varphi^2 \rangle \sim 2\pi$$

A. Schmid, Phys. Rev. Lett. (1983)

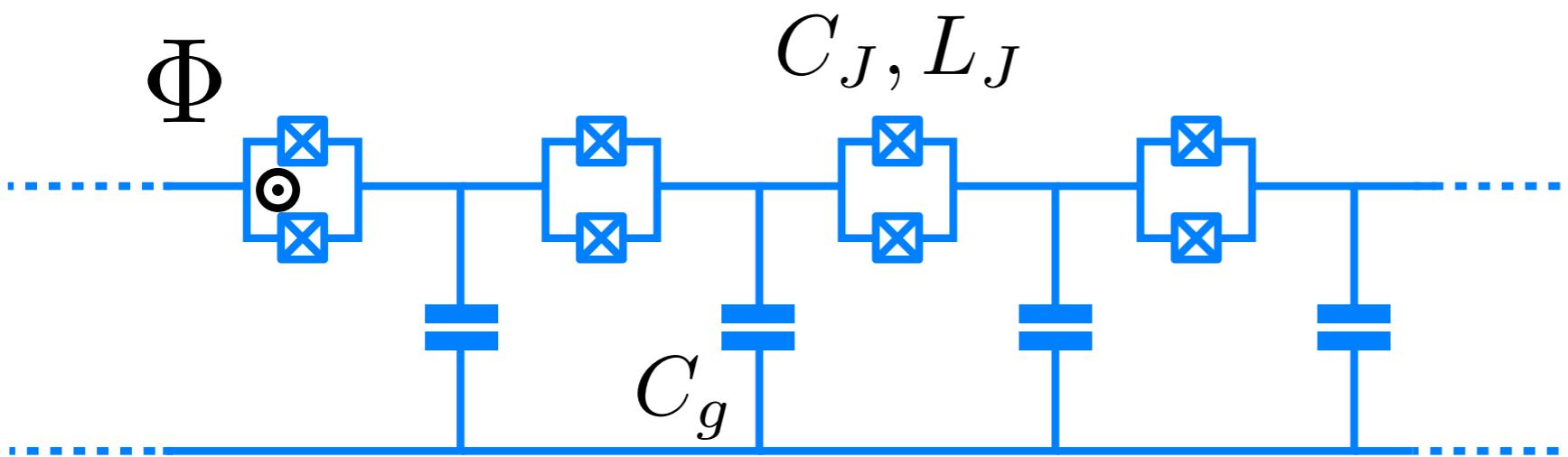
Reaching high impedances Josephson junction meta-material



Reaching high impedances Josephson junction meta-material



$$Z_c = \sqrt{L/C_g}$$



$$Z_c = \sqrt{L_J(\Phi)/C_g}$$

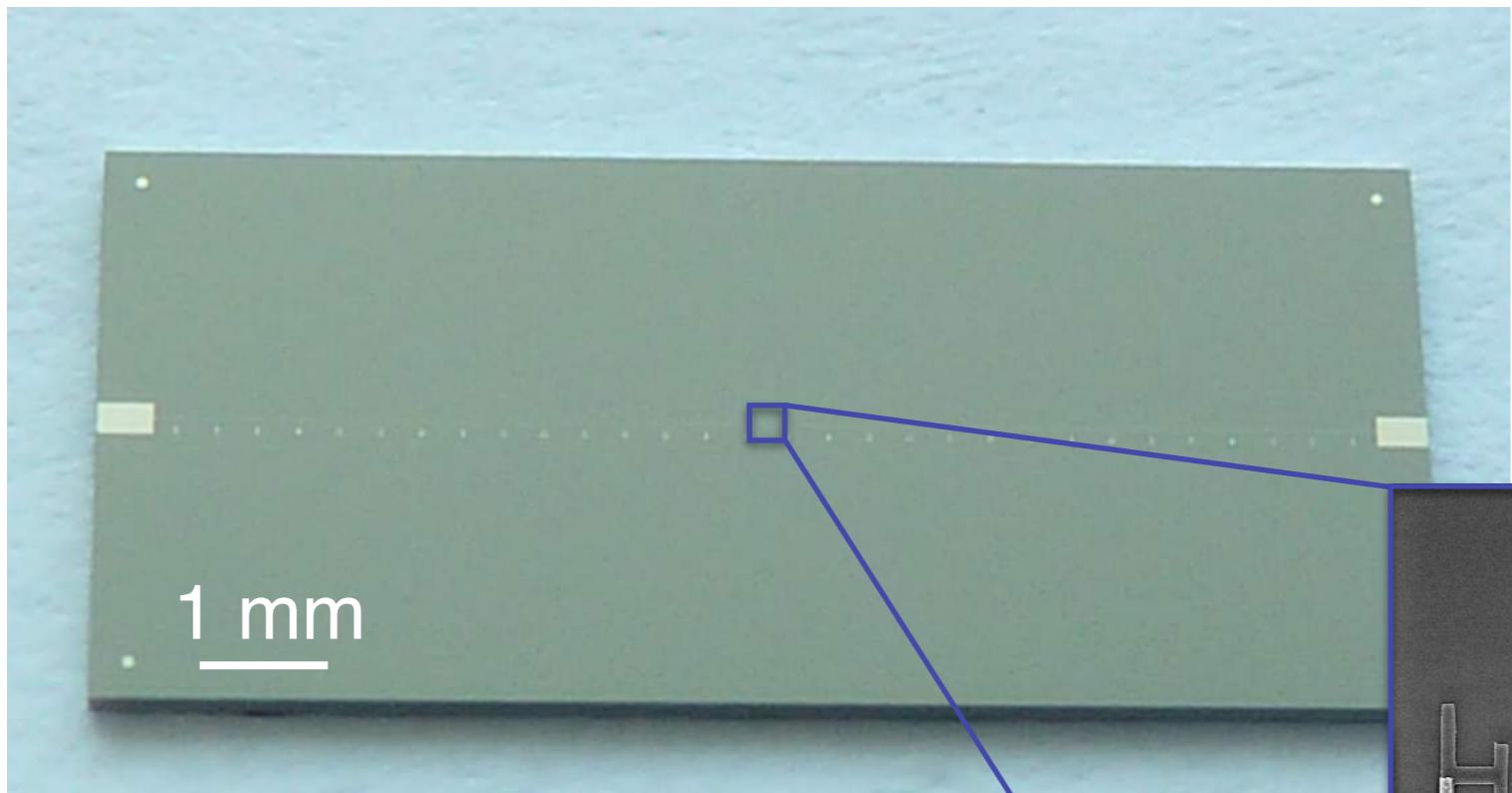
Seminal work:

S. Corlevi et al 06' (Haviland's group)

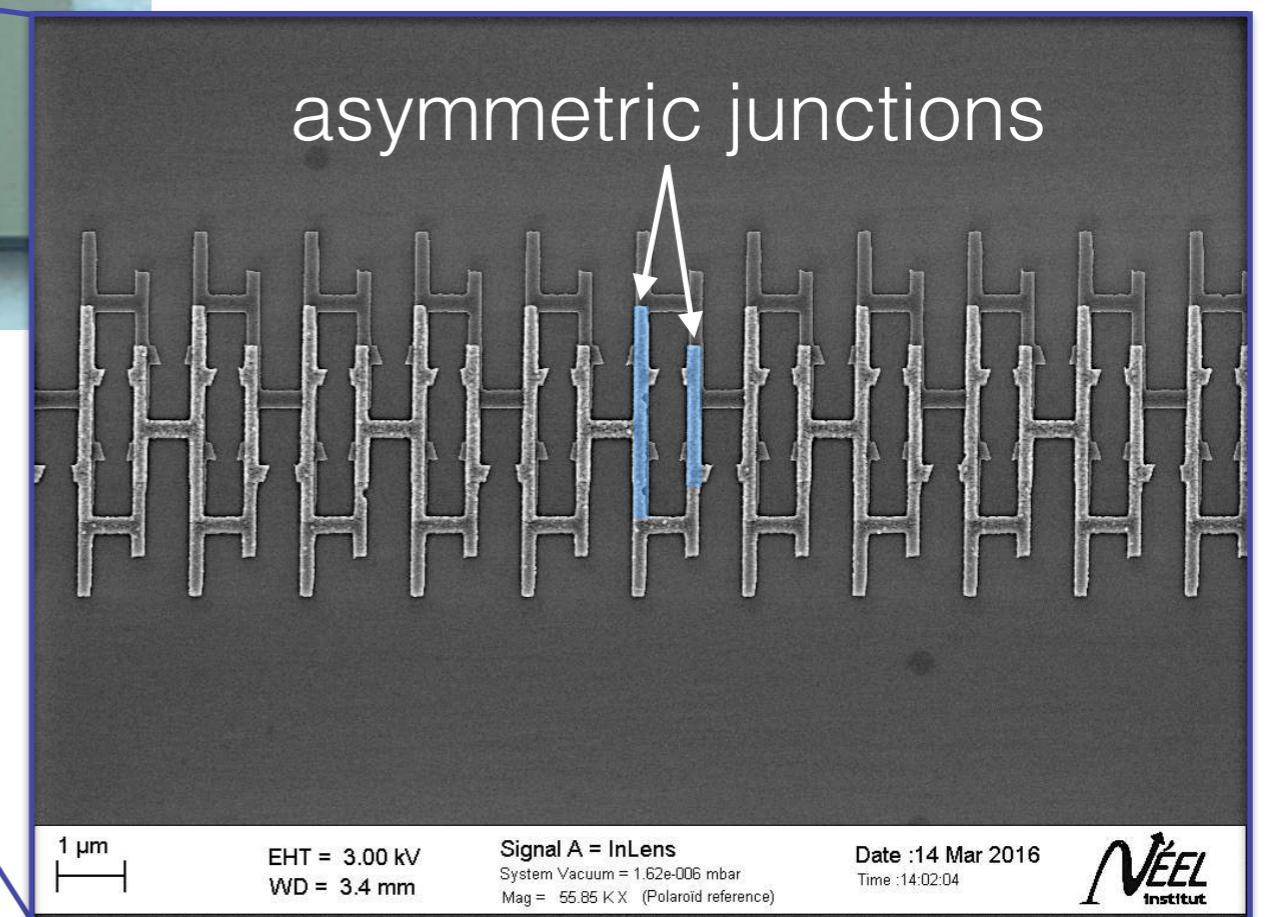
See also:

N. Masluk et al 12', Bell et al 12', S. Butz et al. 13', C. Altimiras et al. 13'

JJ meta-material: Bridge Free Fabrication

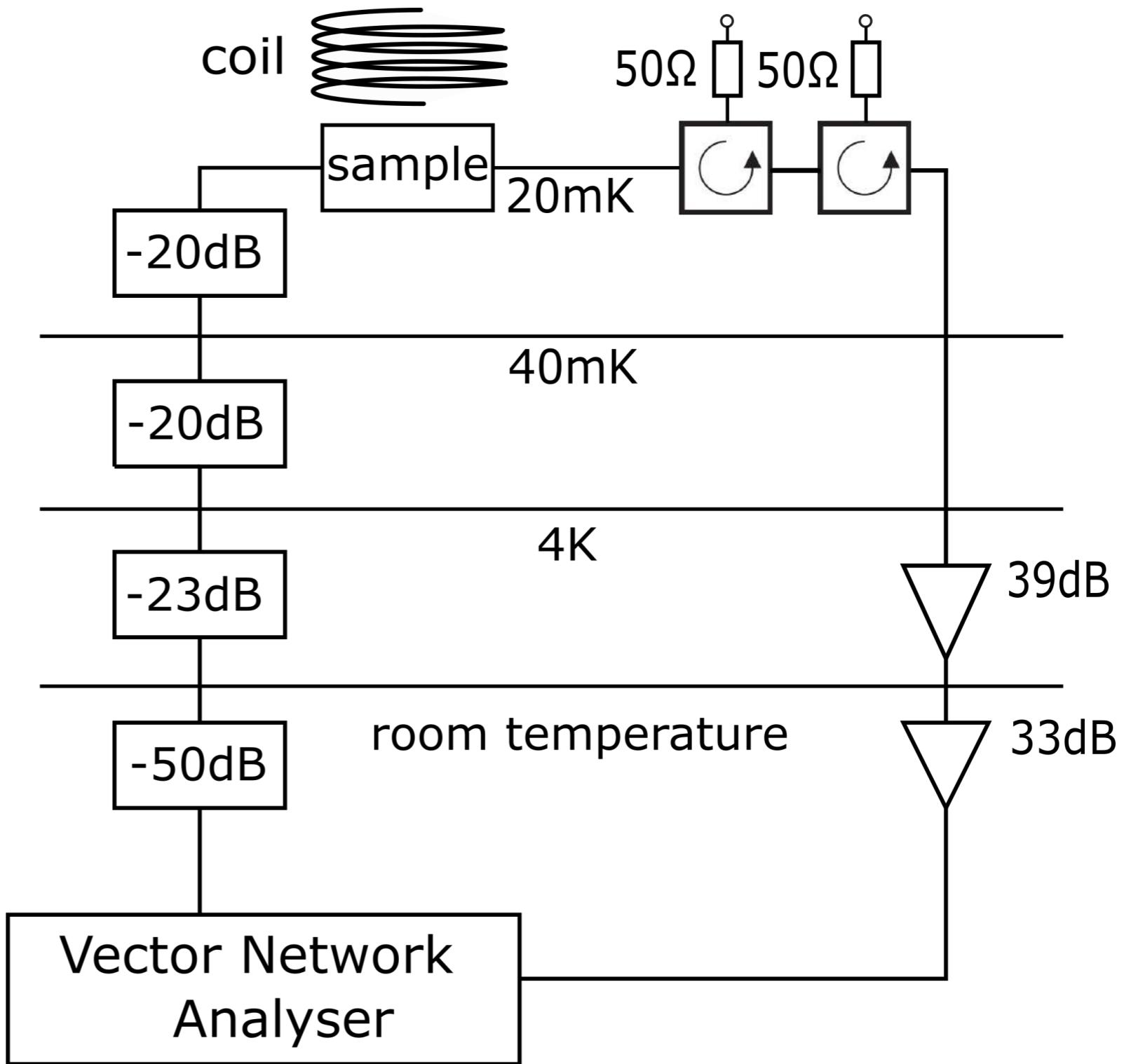
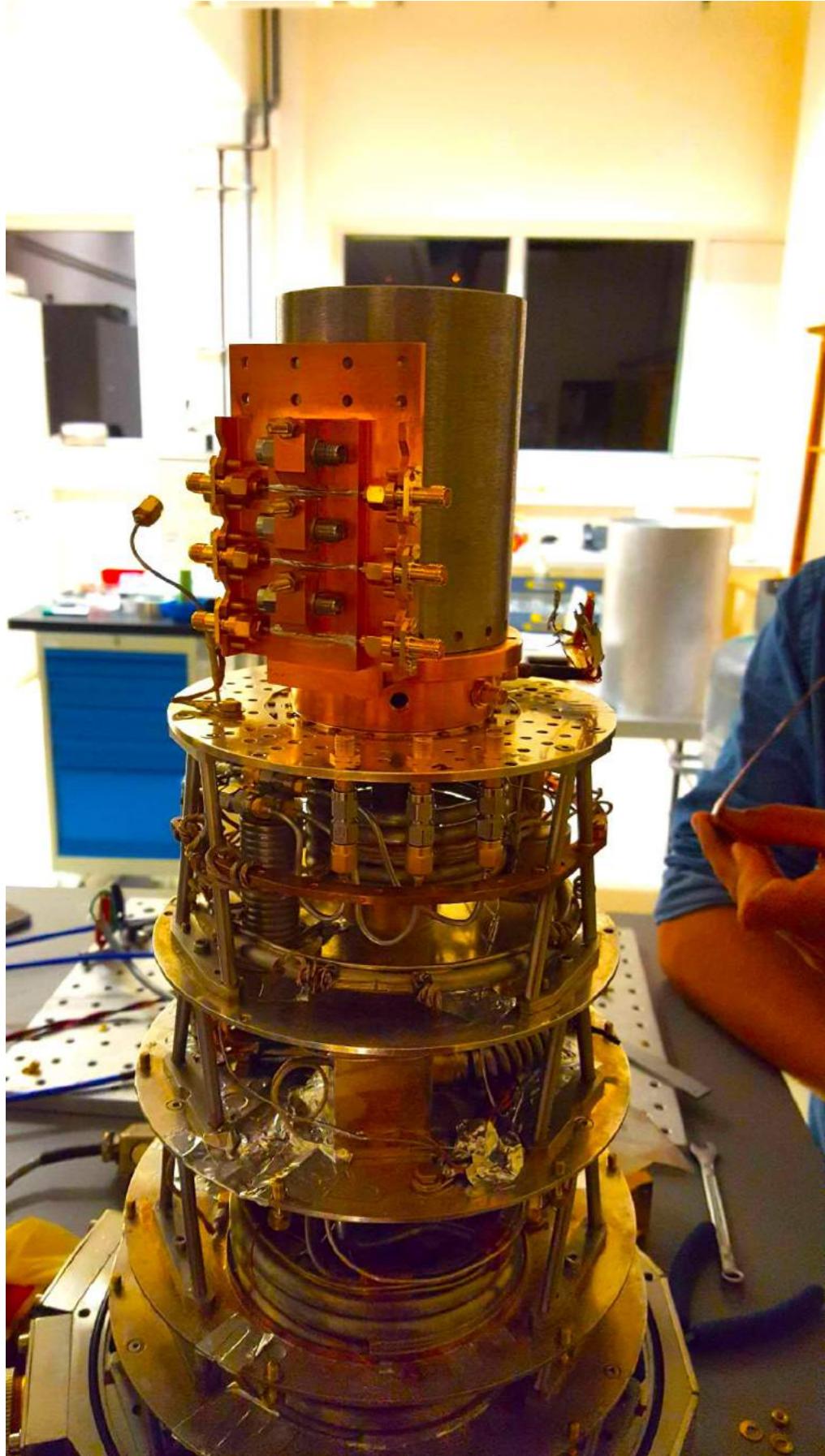


Long array of SQUIDs:
5000 cells



Challenges faced: stitching errors, resist homogeneity, focus homogeneity, proximity effect....

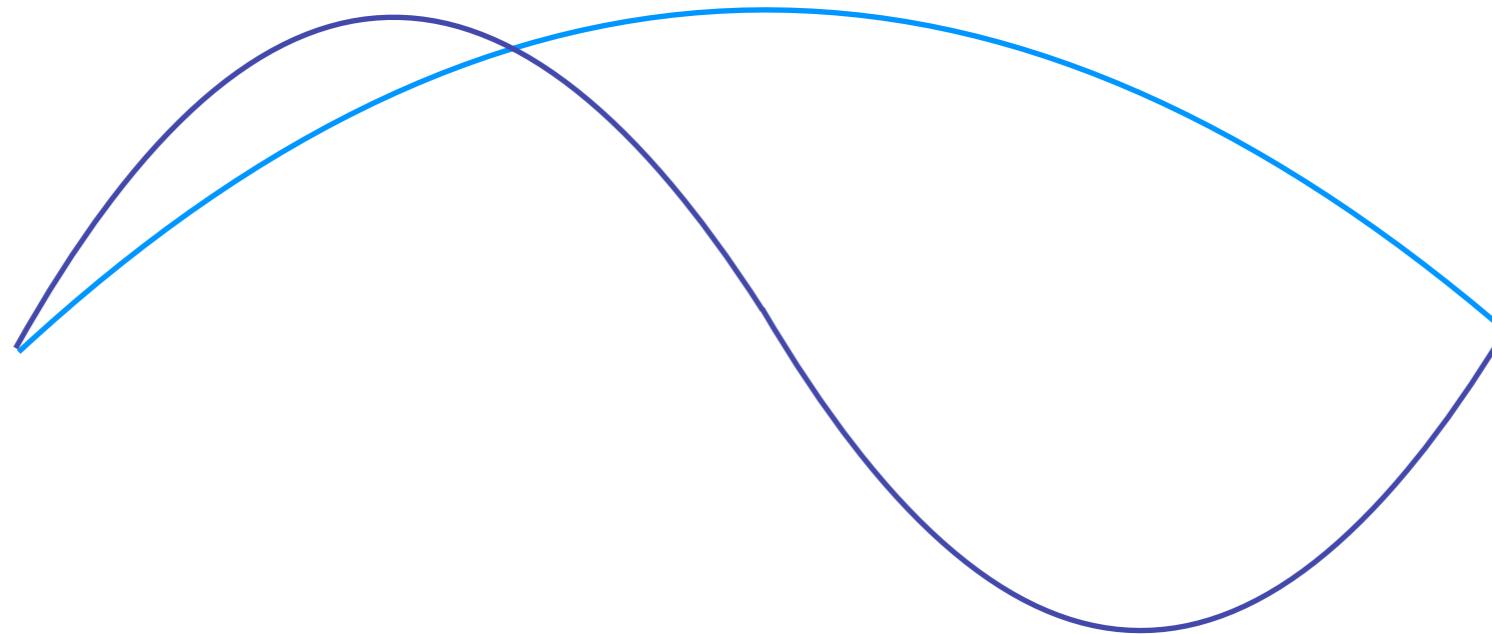
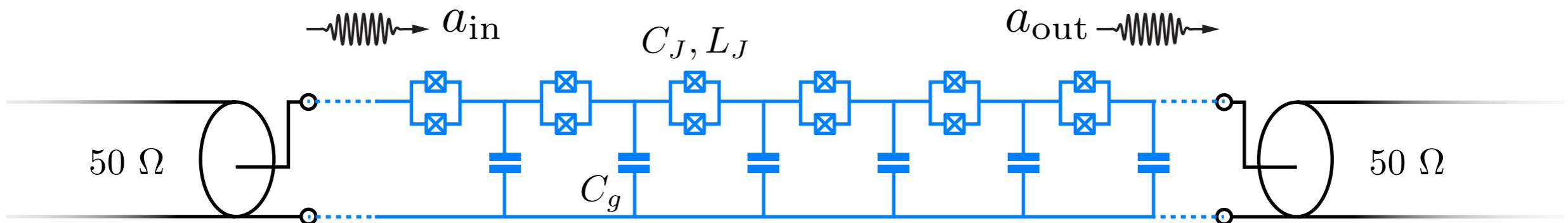
JJ meta-material: Measuring



Quantum regime: $\hbar\omega \gg k_{\text{B}}T$

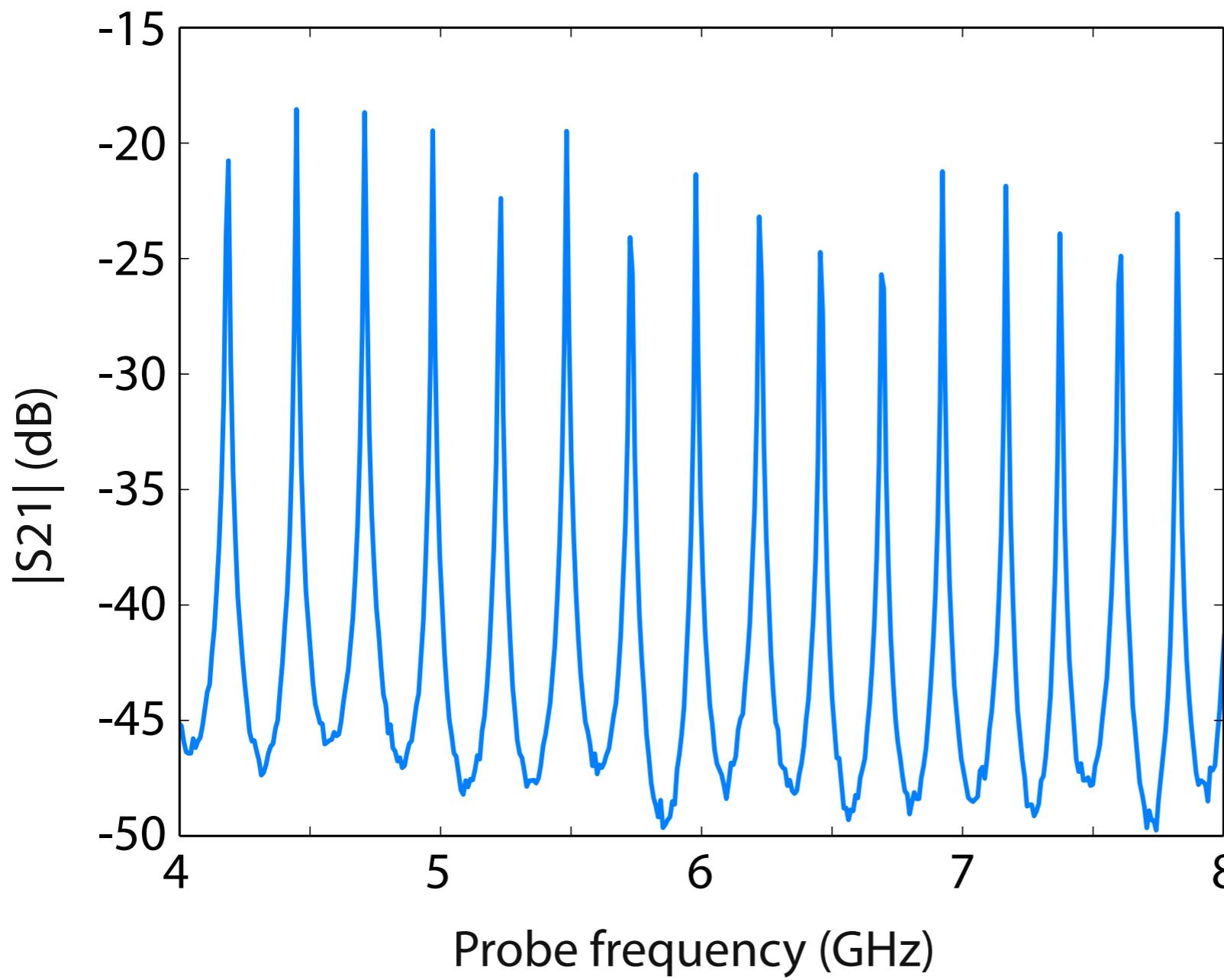
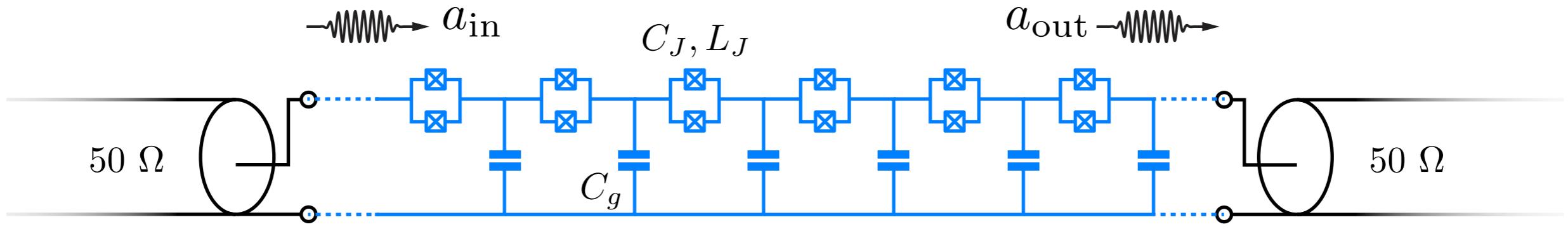
Josephson junction meta-material

Fabry-Pérot



Quantum regime: $\hbar\omega \gg k_B T$ ($T = 20$ mK)

Josephson junction meta-material

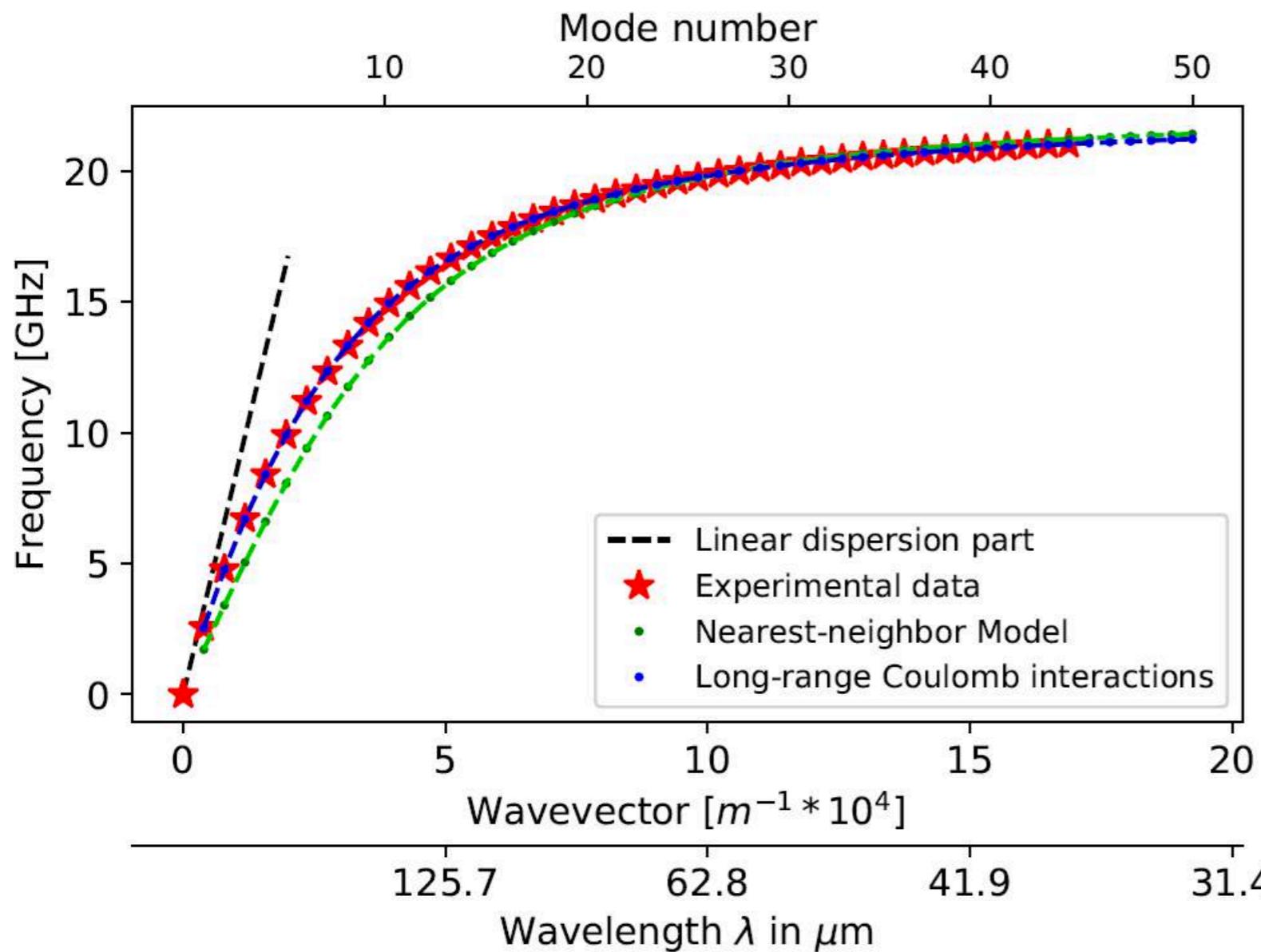
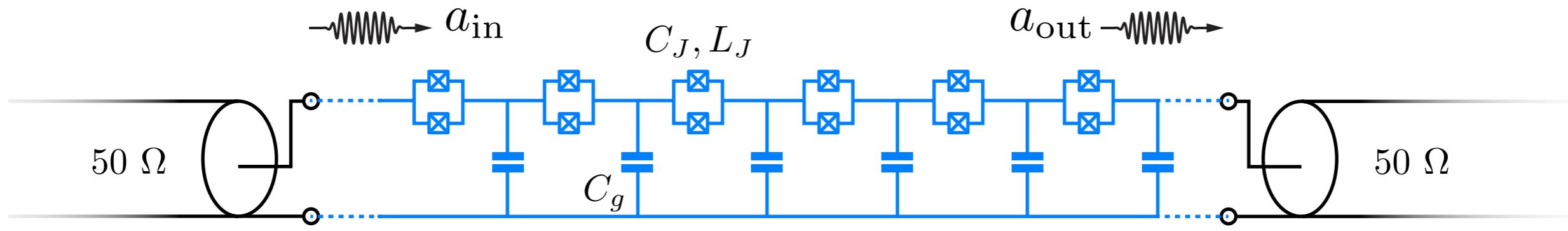


Fabry-Pérot

$Q_{\text{ext}} \sim 10^2$
(Impedance
mismatch)

$Q_{\text{int}} \sim 10^4$

Josephson junction meta-material



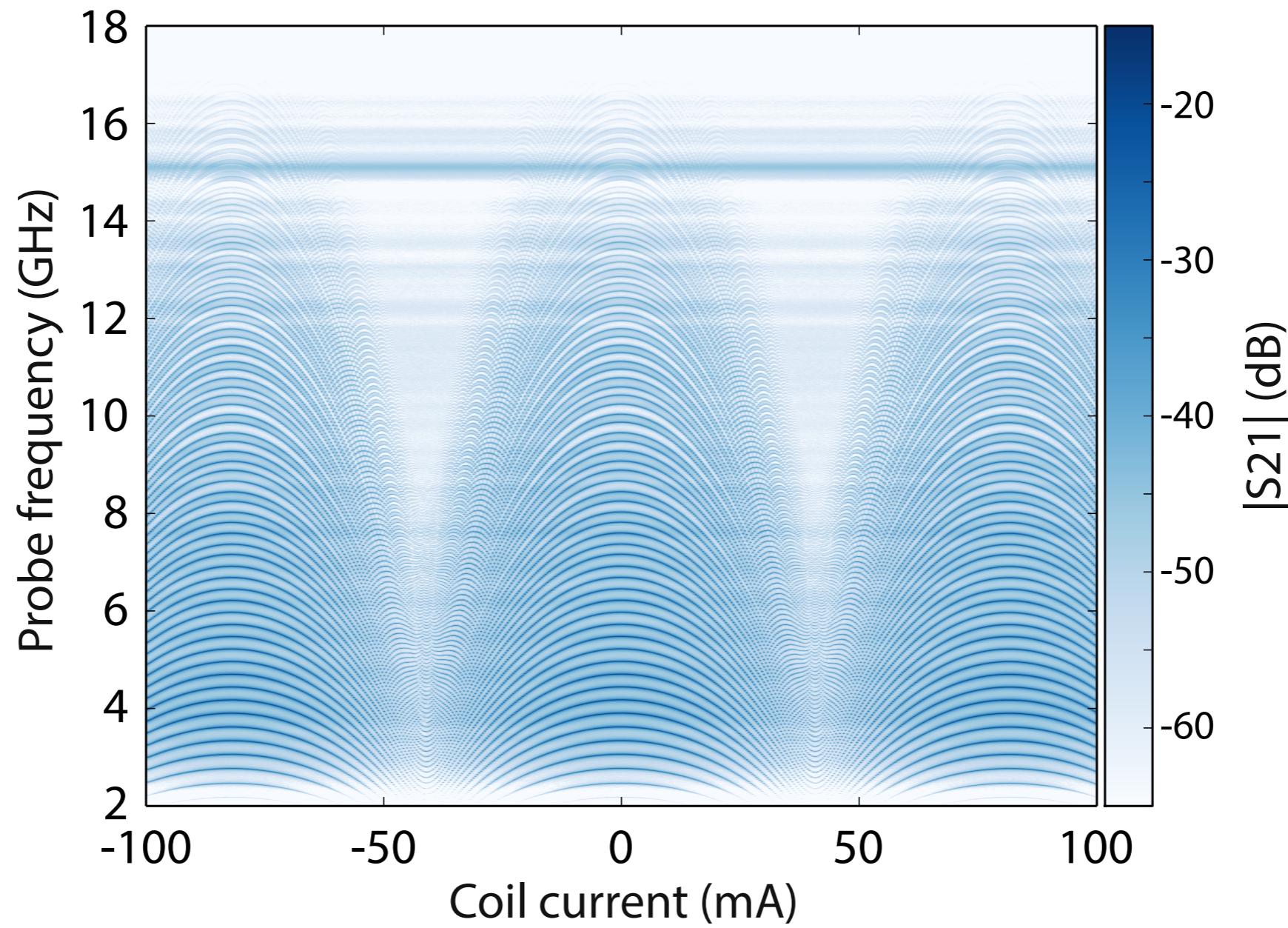
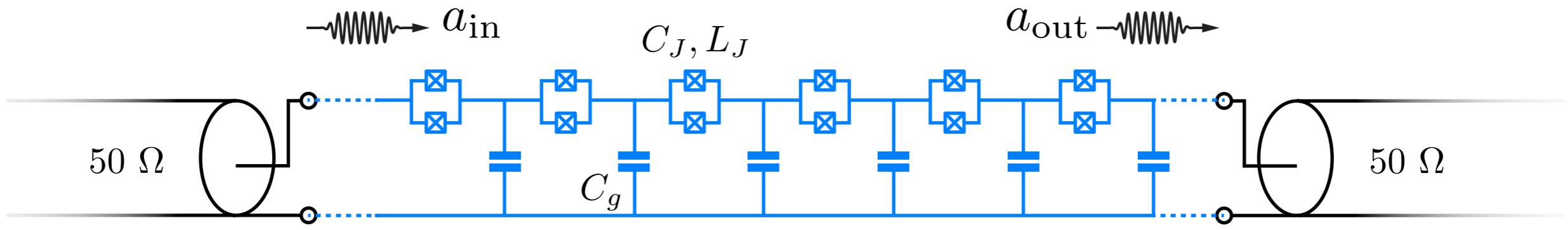
cQED wording:

$$Z_c = \sqrt{L_J/C_g} \sim 3.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

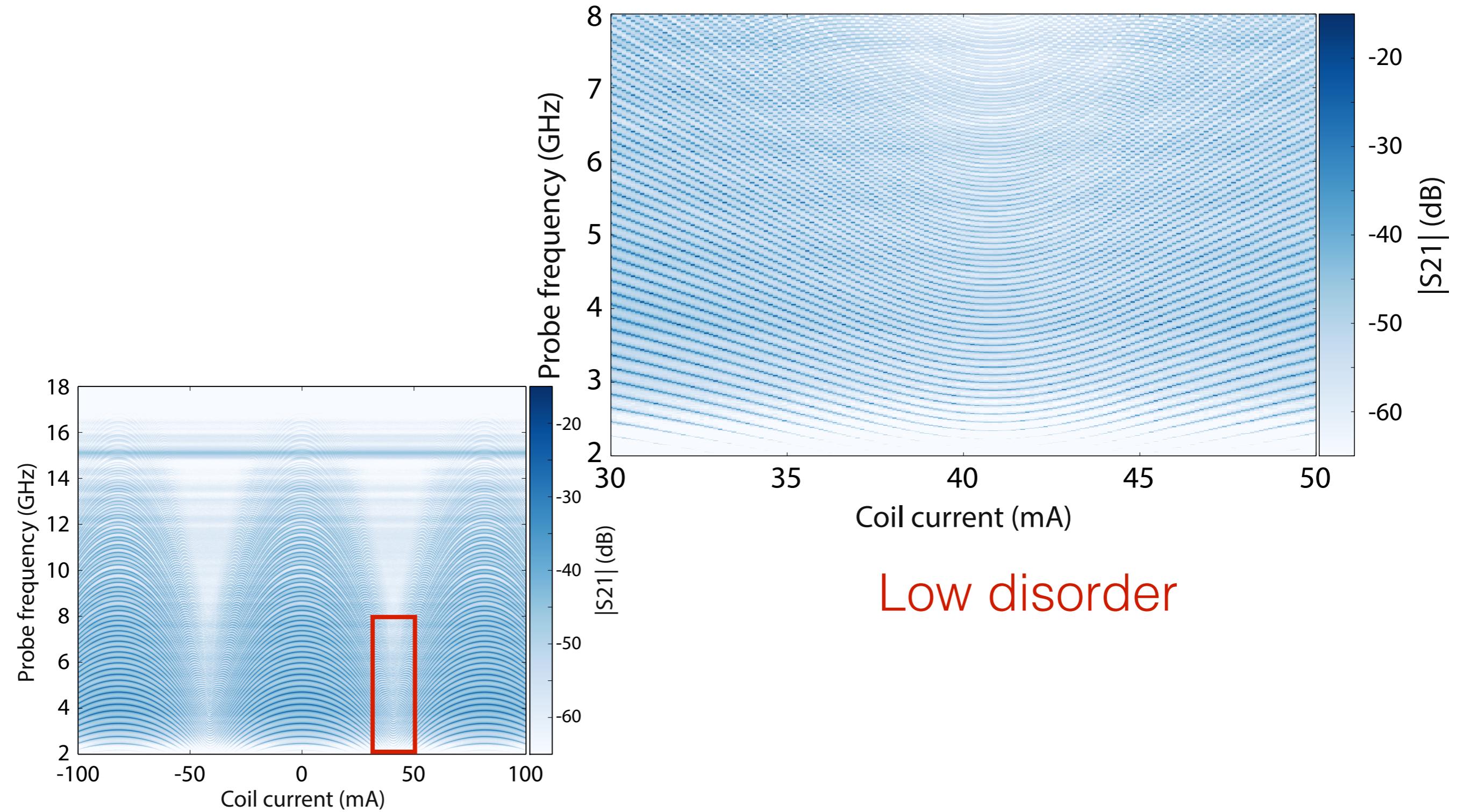
Optics wording:

$$n \simeq 50$$

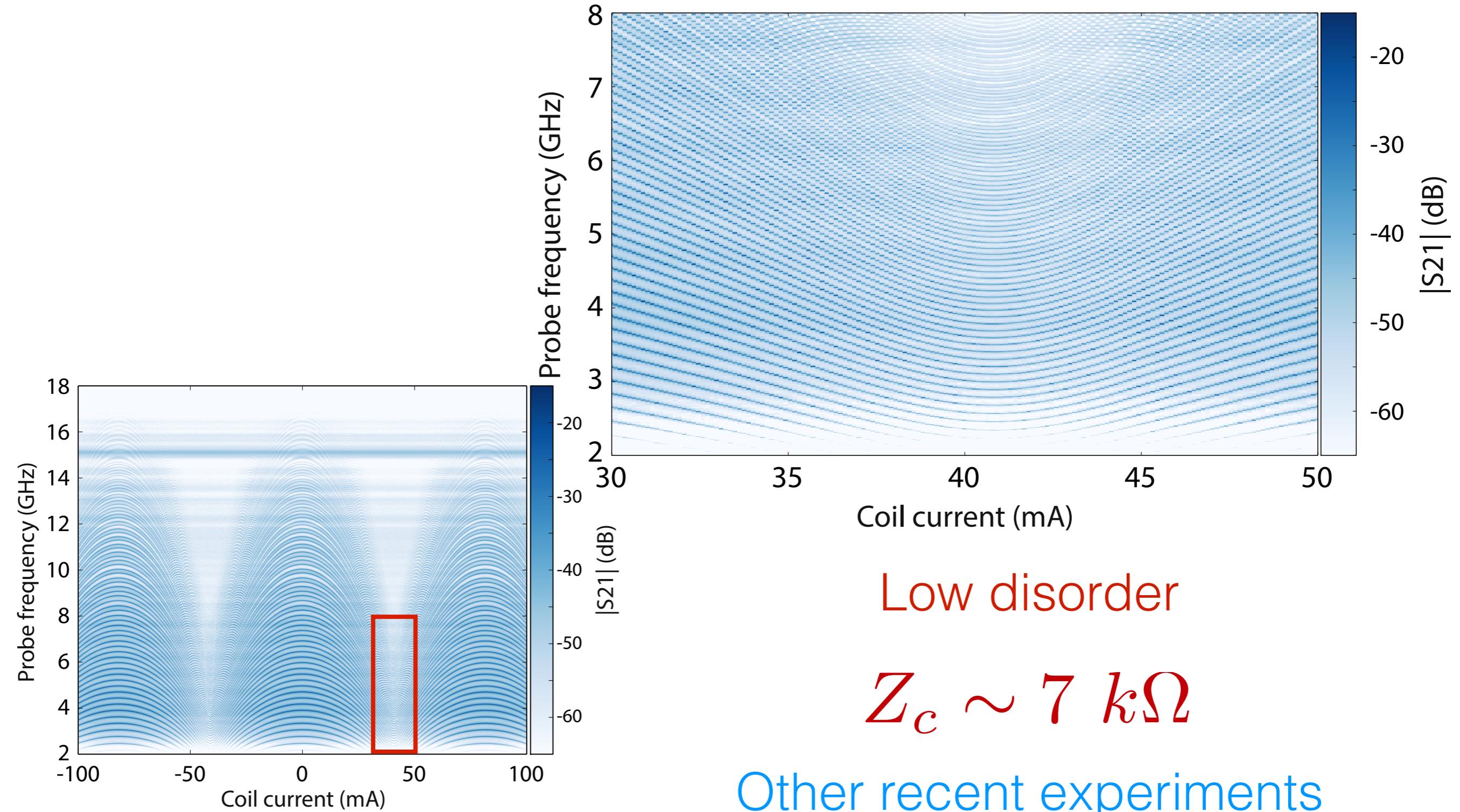
Josephson junction meta-material



Josephson junction meta-material



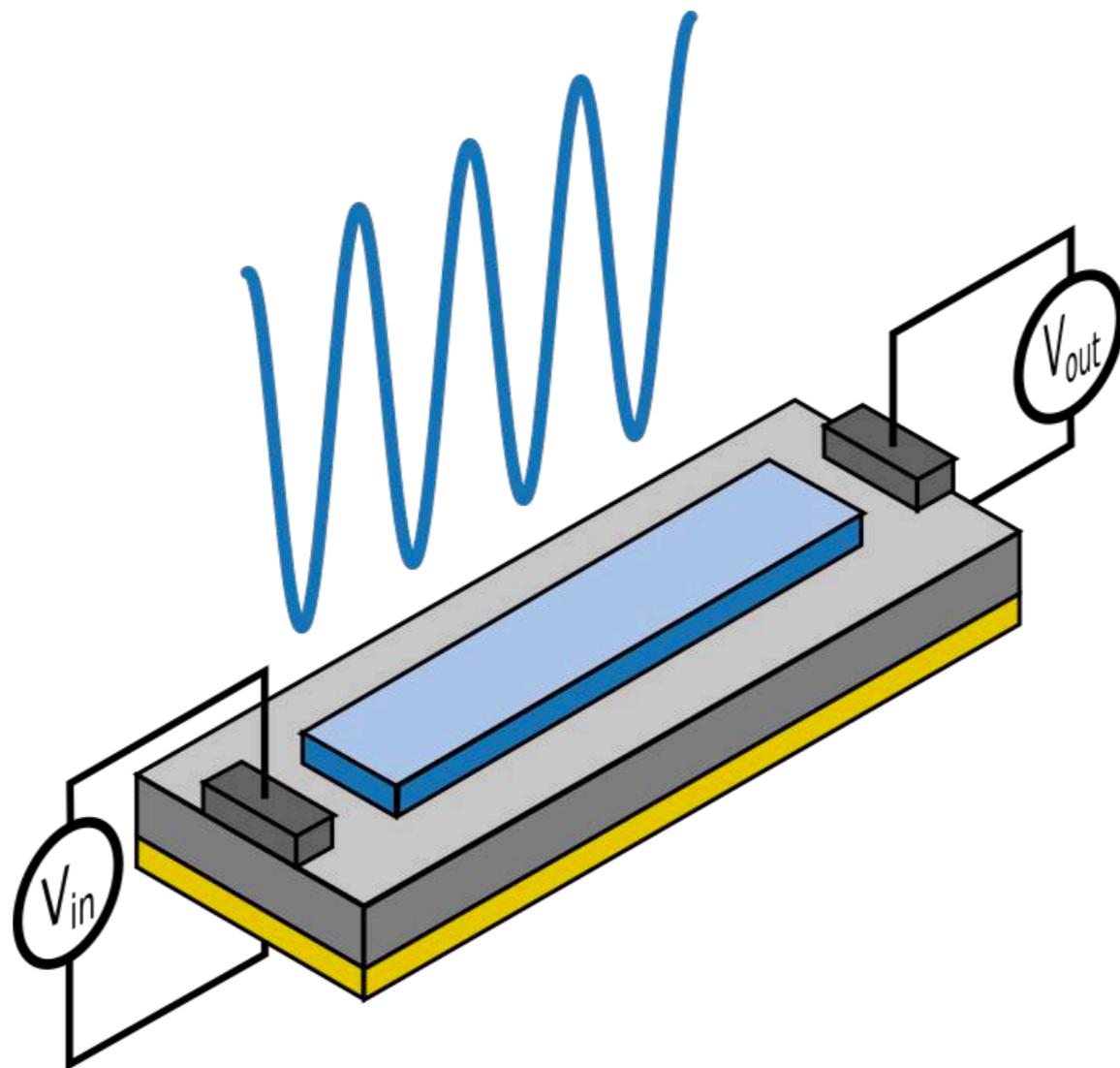
Josephson junction meta-material



K. Cedergren, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. (2017)

R. Kuzmin et al., arXiv:1805.07379

Indium Oxyde

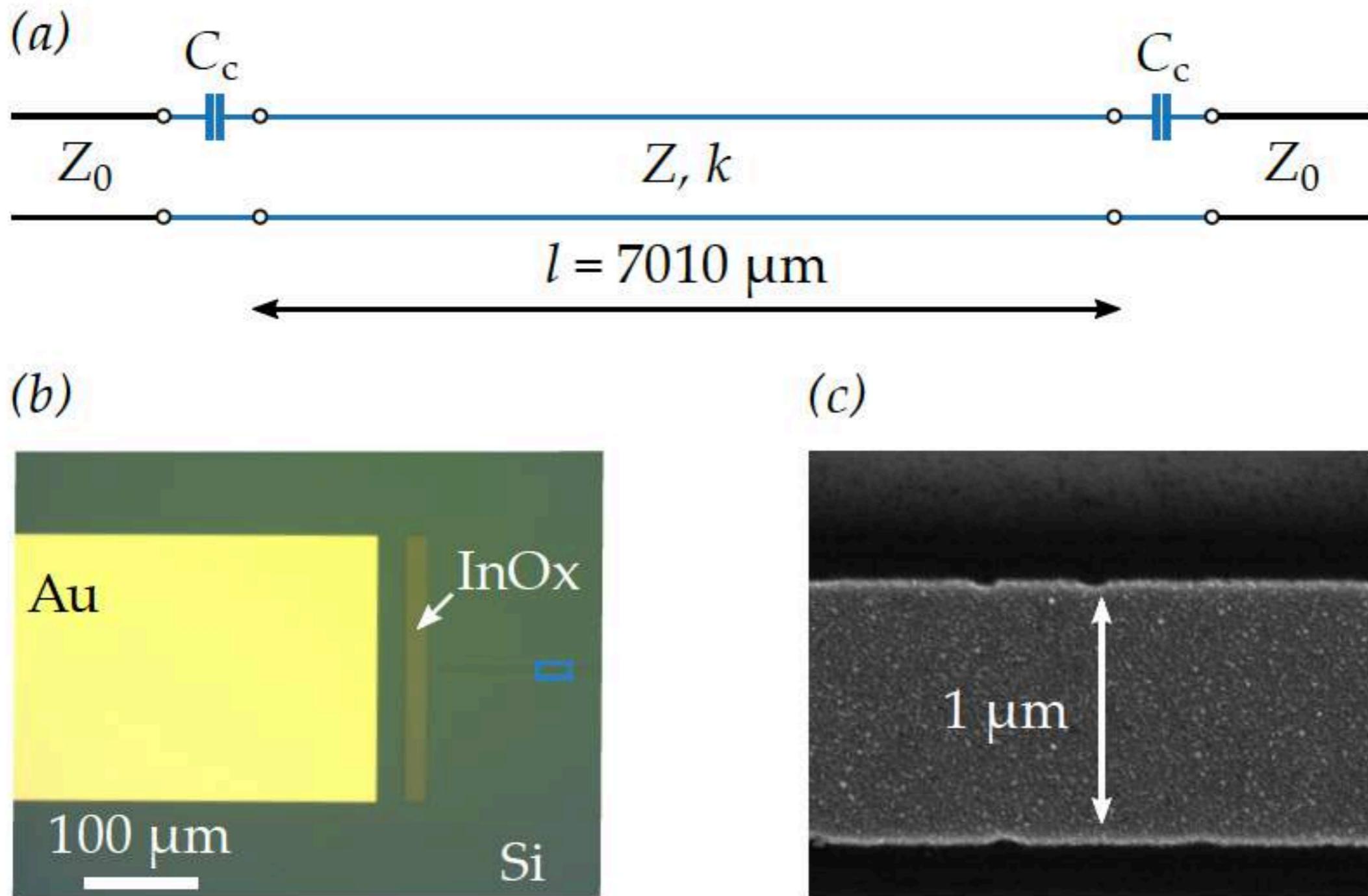


See also talks from:

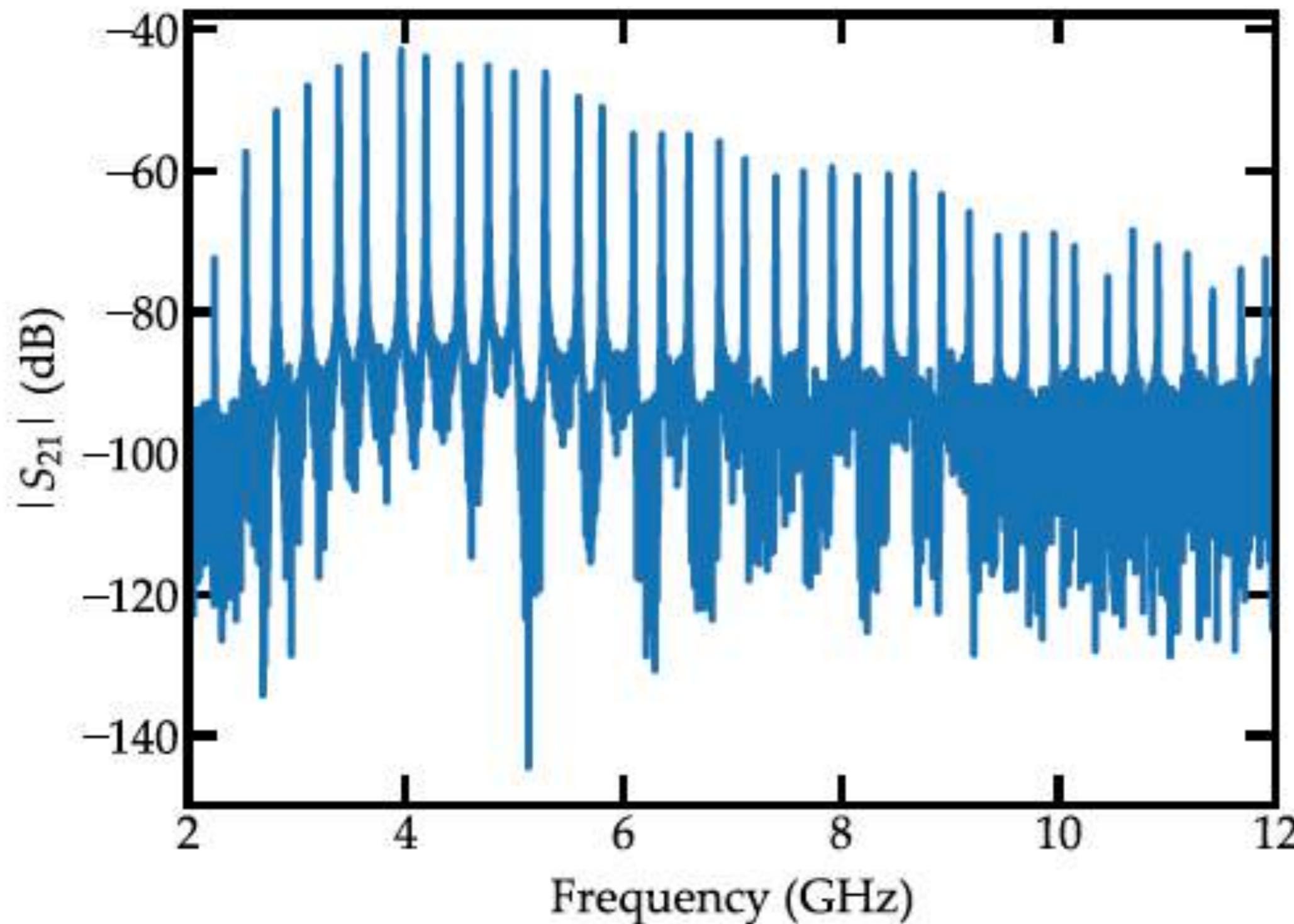
F. Lévy-Bertrand

M. Scheffler

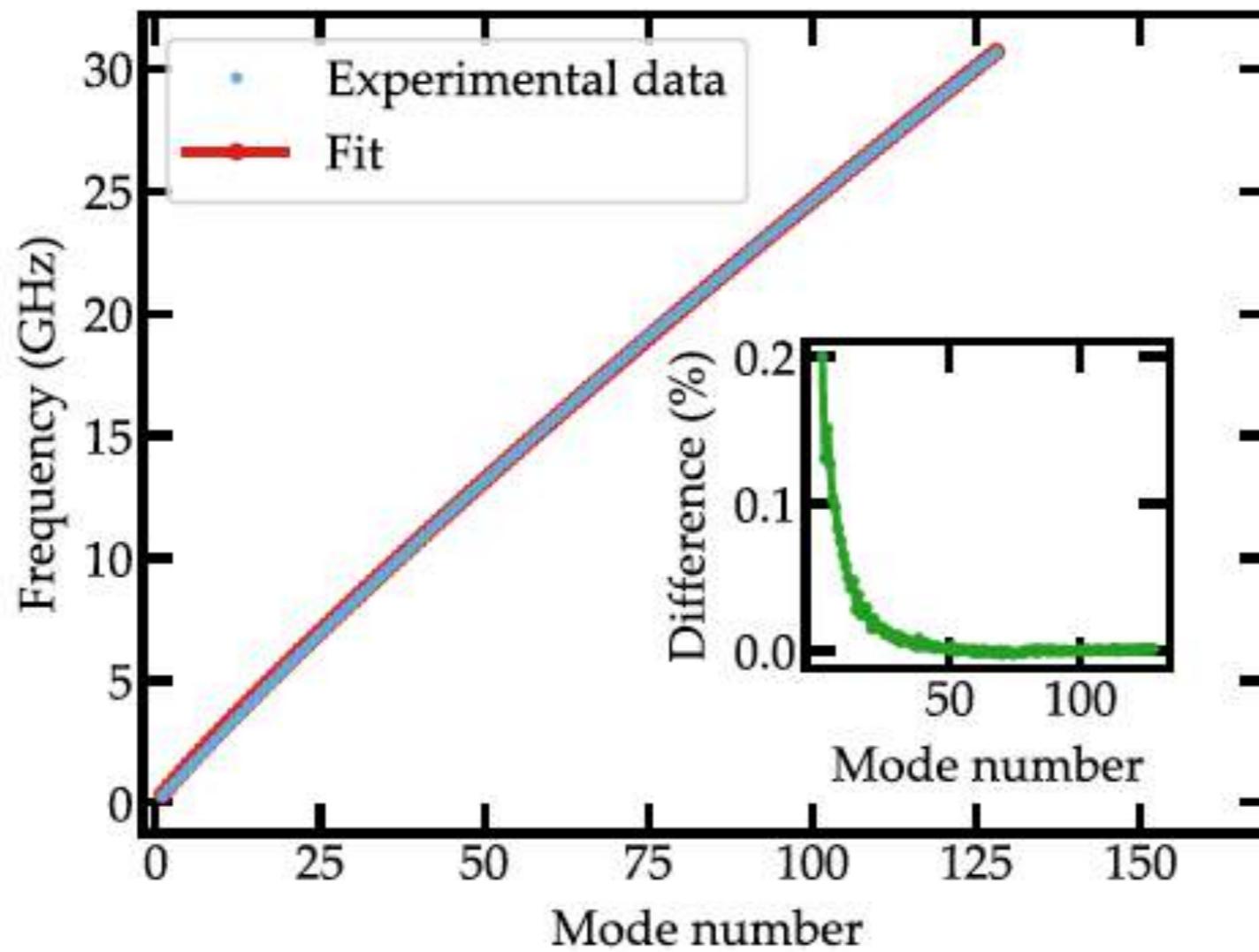
Indium Oxyde



Indium Oxyde



Indium Oxyde



$$\omega_k^2 = \frac{r_0^2}{\epsilon_0 \mu_0 \epsilon \lambda_L^2(T)} k^2 \ln \left(\frac{1}{k r_0} \right)$$

Formula from
Camarota et al.
JLTP (2000)

radius of the wire

$$r_0 = 0.2 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$$

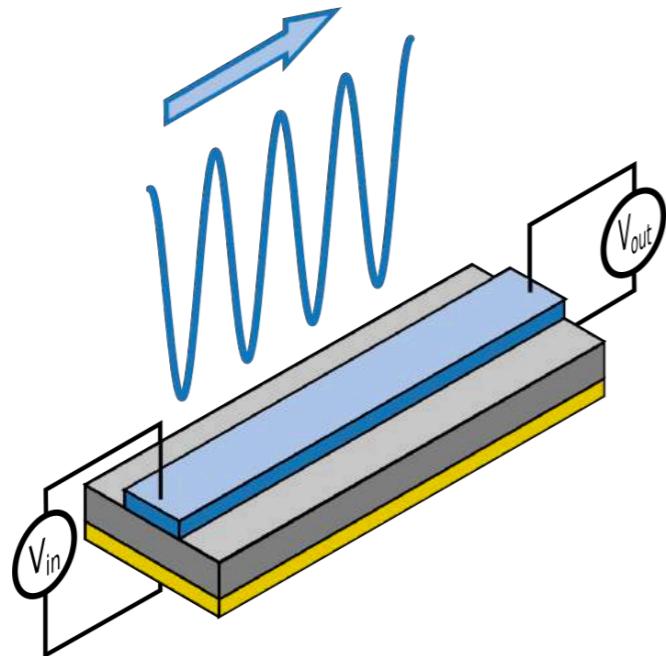
London penetration depth

$$\lambda_L = 14 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$$

$$Z_c \sim 8 \text{ } k\Omega$$

Why high impedances?

Physics of the (meta)-materials

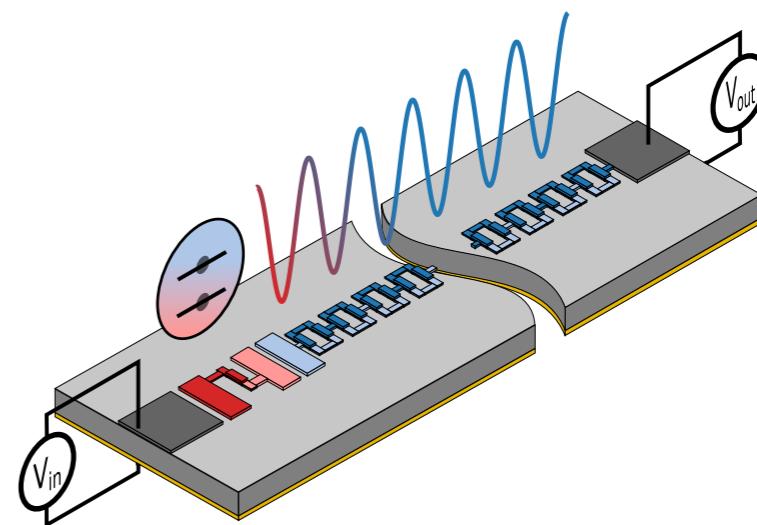


e.g. superconductor
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$$Z_c \sim h/(2e)^2 = 6.45 \text{ } k\Omega$$

R. Fazio & H. van der Zant,
Physics Reports (2001)

Model systems



e.g. dissipative
quantum circuits

strong phase fluctuations across
a single Josephson junction

$$\langle \varphi^2 \rangle \sim 2\pi$$

A. Schmid, Phys. Rev. Lett. (1983)

Dissipative quantum systems

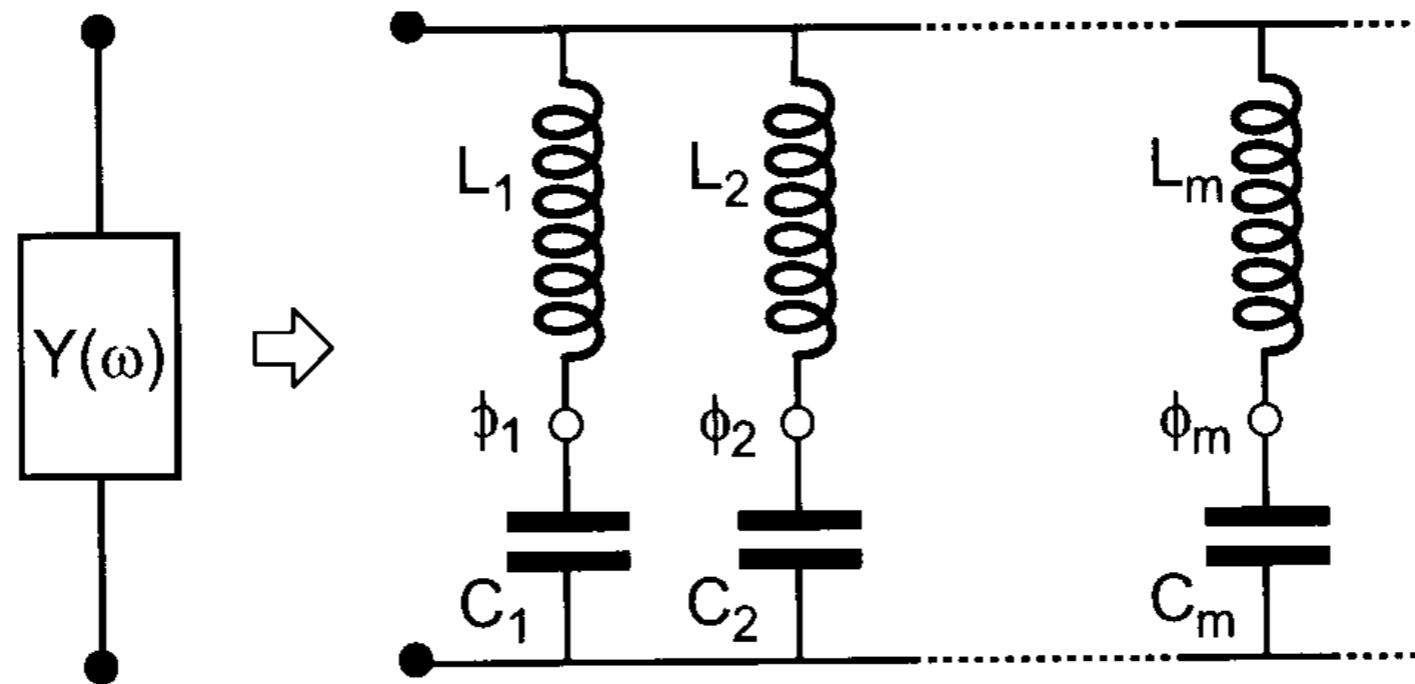


Fig. 7. Caldeira–Leggett model of an admittance $Y(\omega)$.

Figure from

Devoret M. H. in "Quantum Fluctuations", S. Reynaud, E. Giacobino, J. Zinn-Justin, Eds. (Elsevier, Amsterdam, 1997) p. 351-385

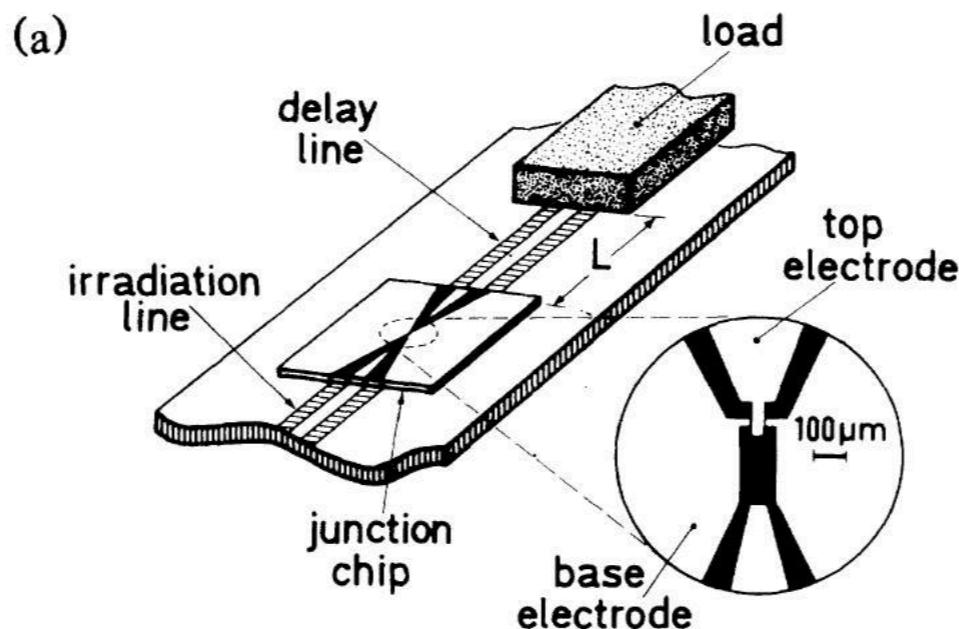
Review

A. O. Caldeira & A. J. Leggett, Annals of Physics (1983)

U. Weiss, Quantum Dissipative Systems (4 ed.). WORLD SCIENTIFIC (2012)

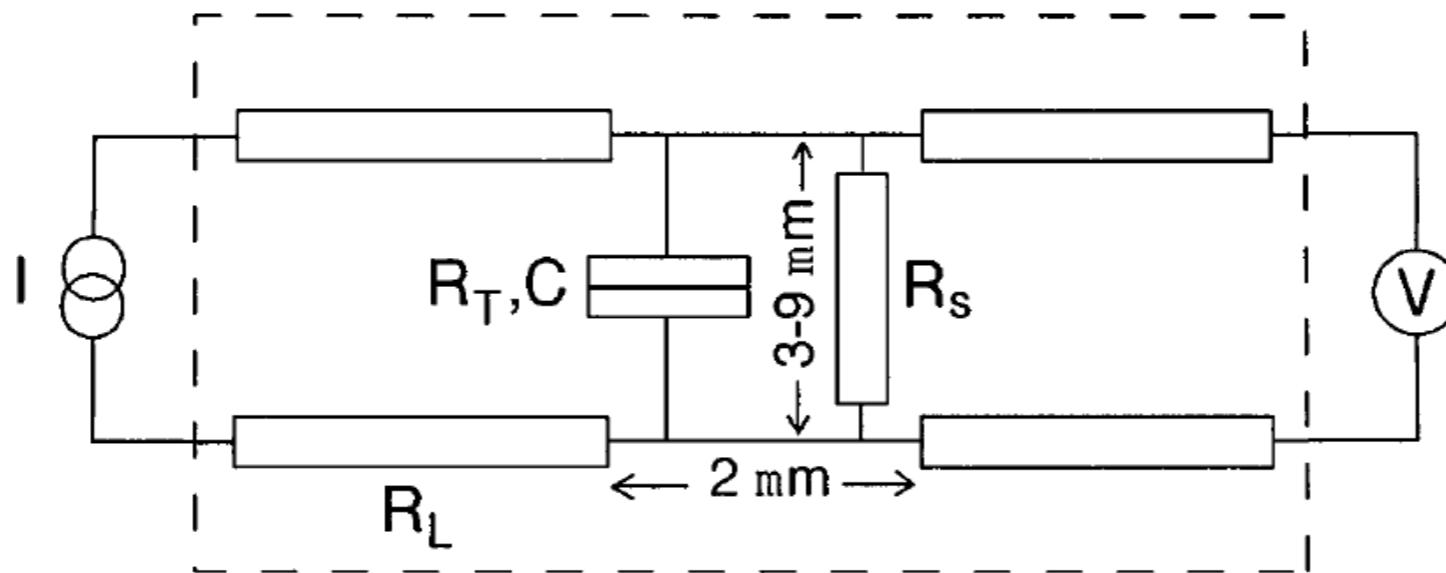
Dissipative quantum systems

Broadening of the quantum levels



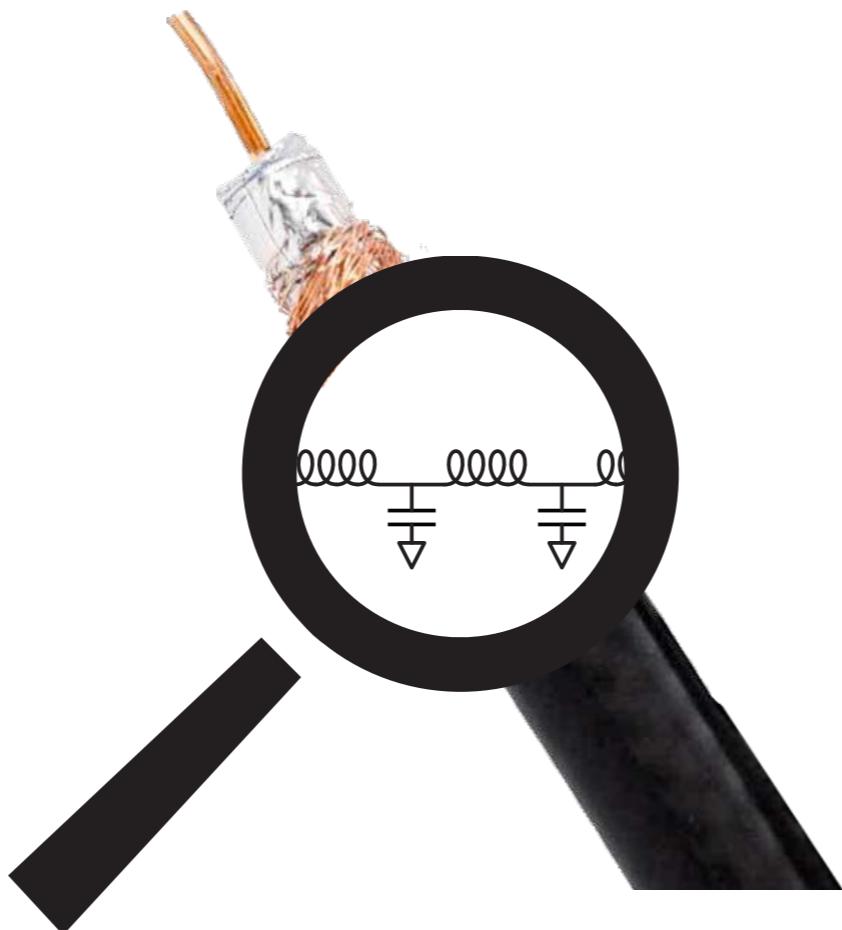
E. Turlot, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. (1989)

Renormalisation of the Josephson energy



J. S. Penttilä, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. (1999)

Dissipative quantum systems



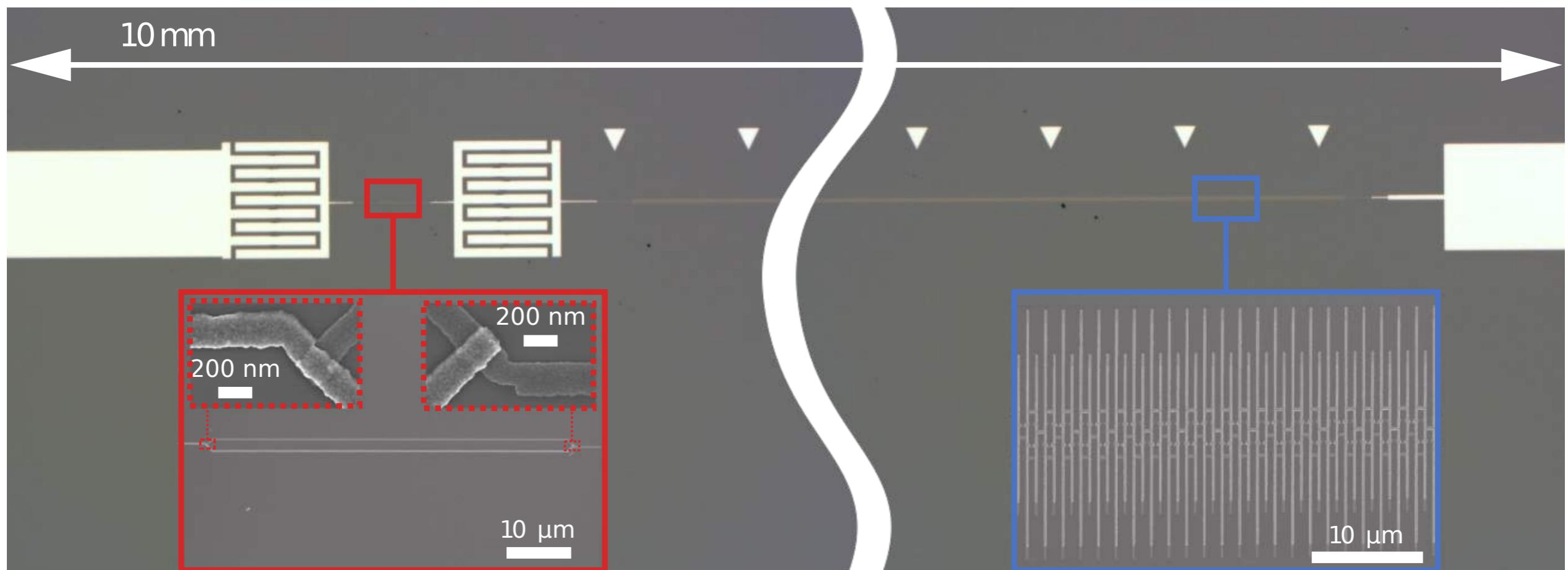
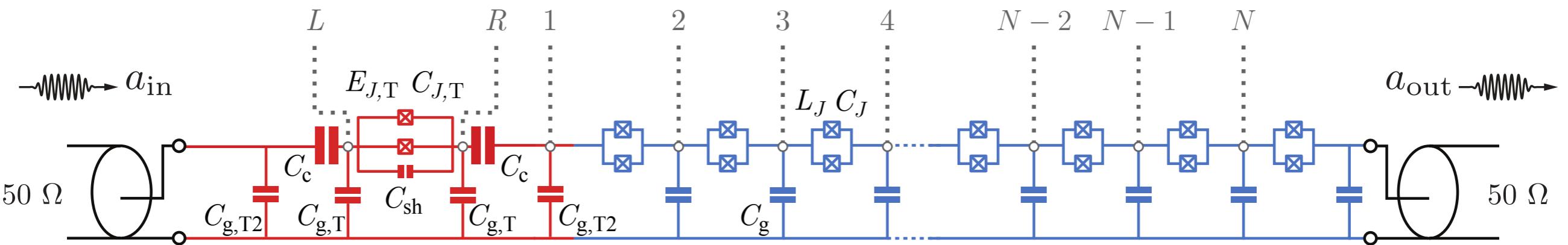
Our plan: make use of cQED to measure the spectrum
of the system AND its bath

See also:

P. Forn Díaz, et al., Nat. Phys. (2016)

R. Kuzmin, et al., arxiv 1809.10739

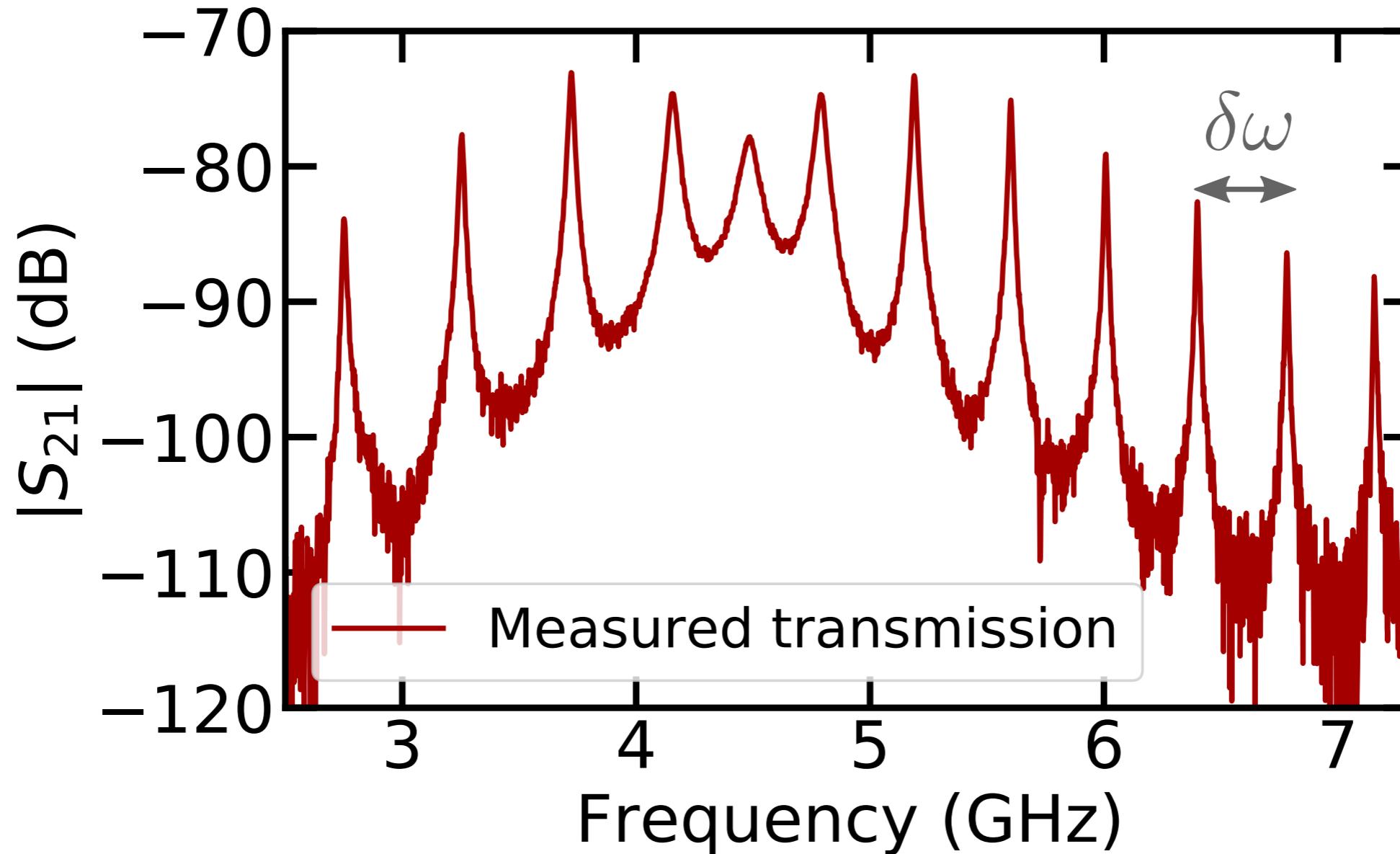
A Transmon coupled to a JJ meta-material



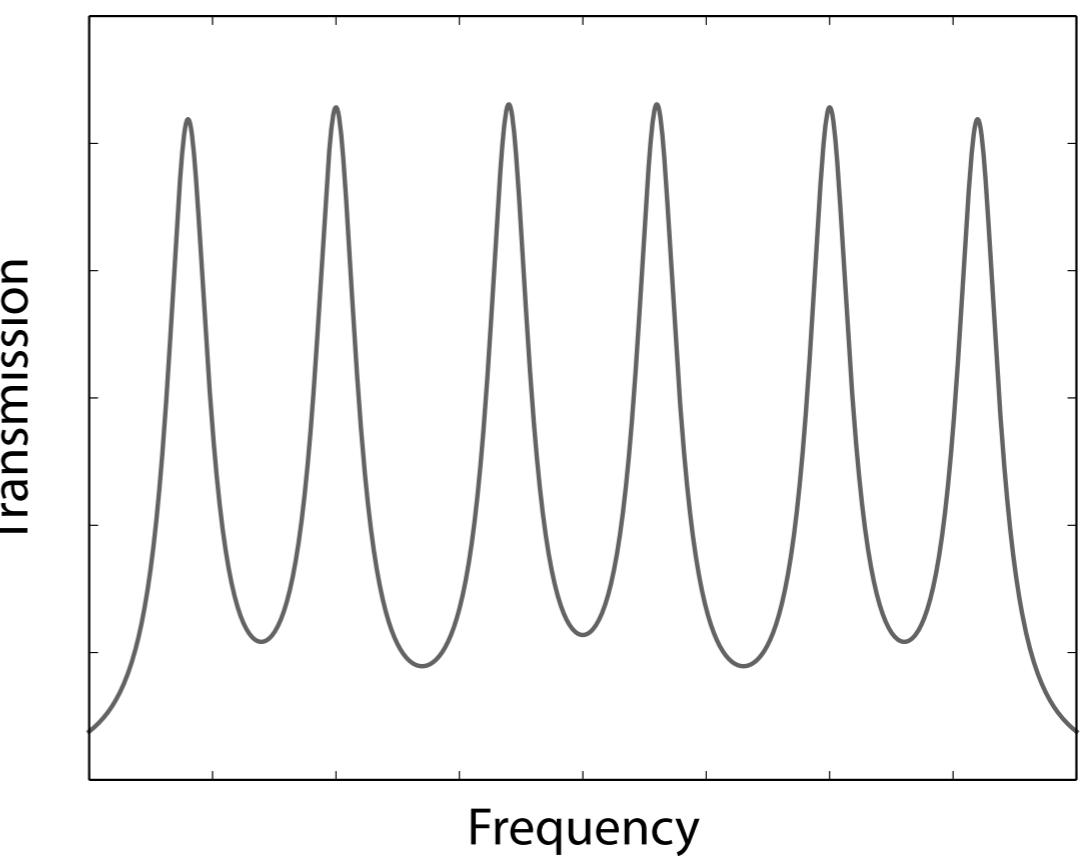
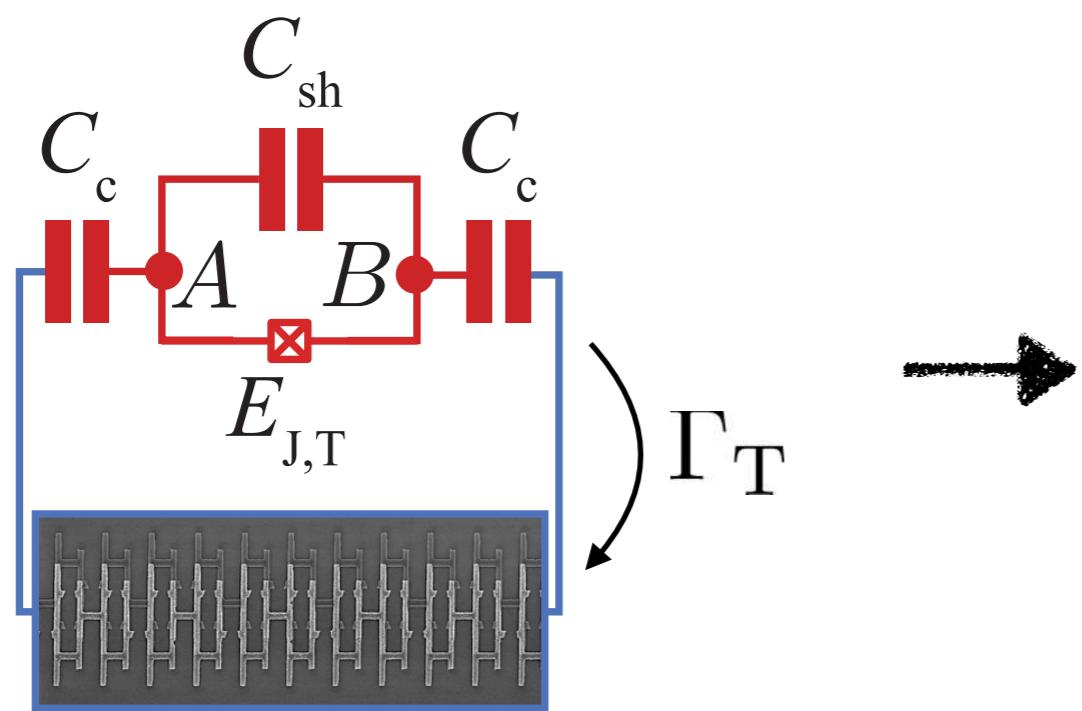
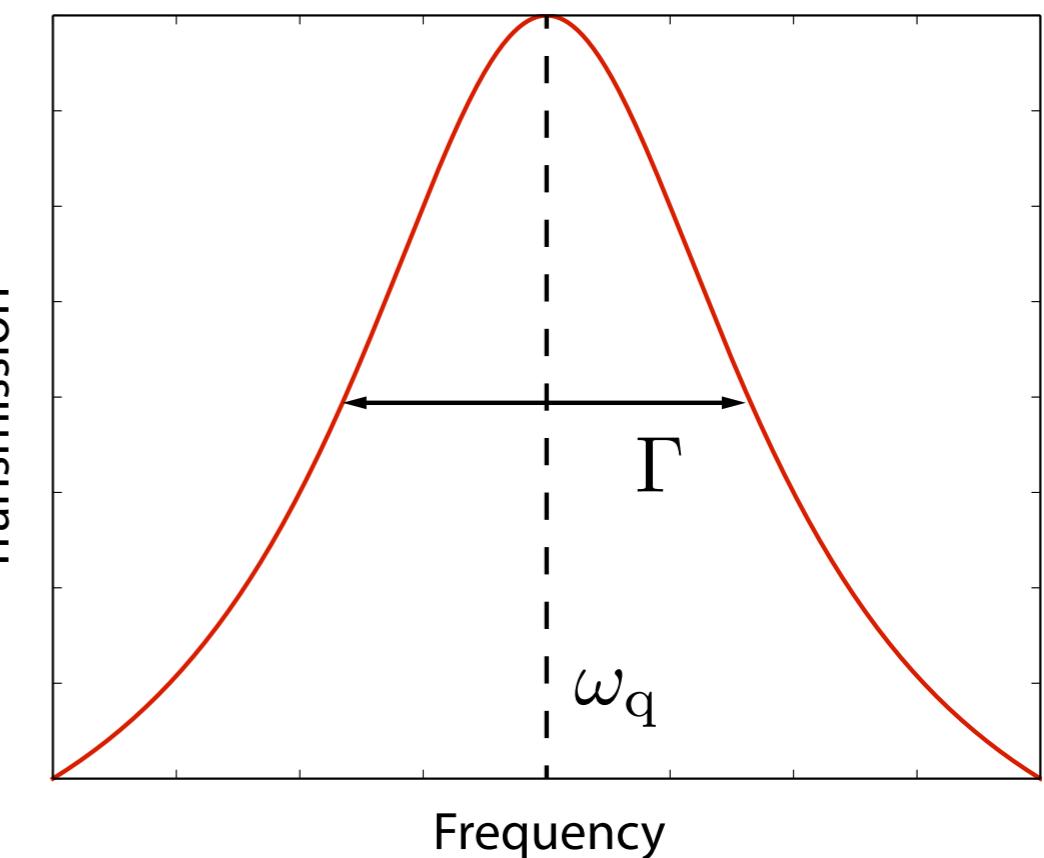
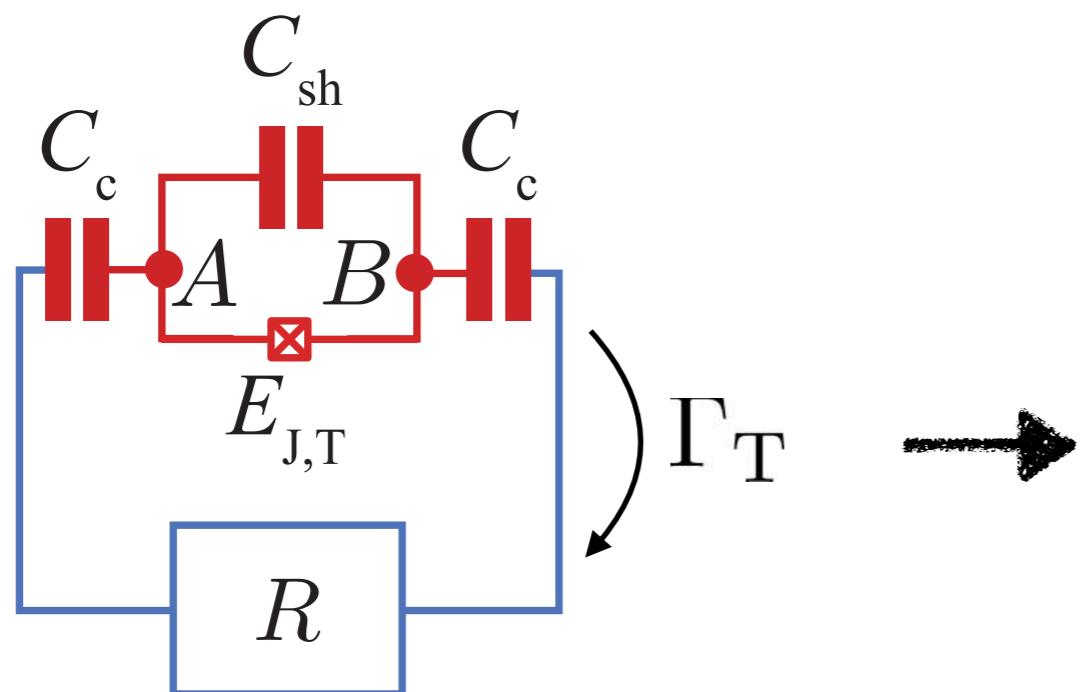
$T = 20 \text{ mK}$

J. Puertas-Martinez et al., arxiv 1802.00633

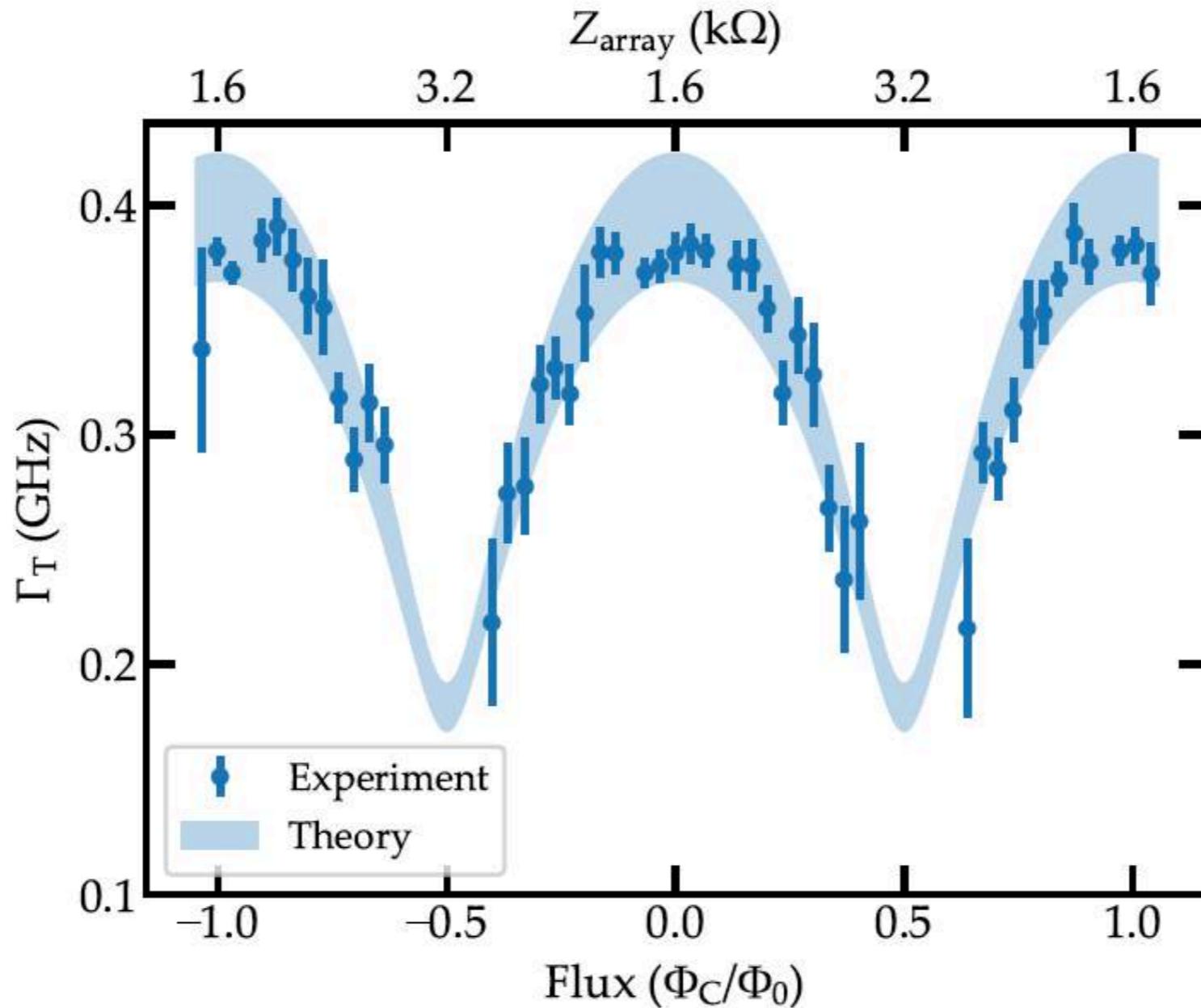
A Transmon coupled to a JJ meta-material



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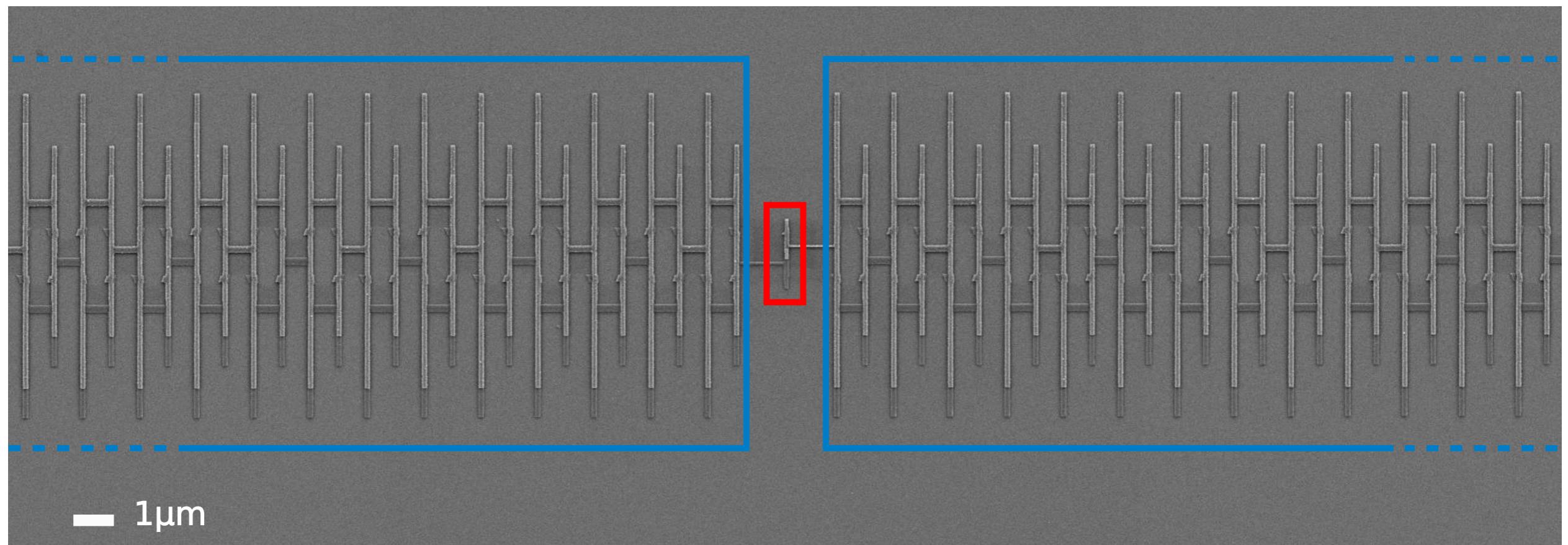
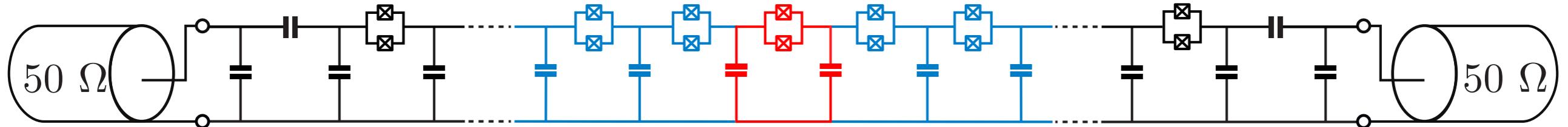
Reaching the ultrastrong coupling regime



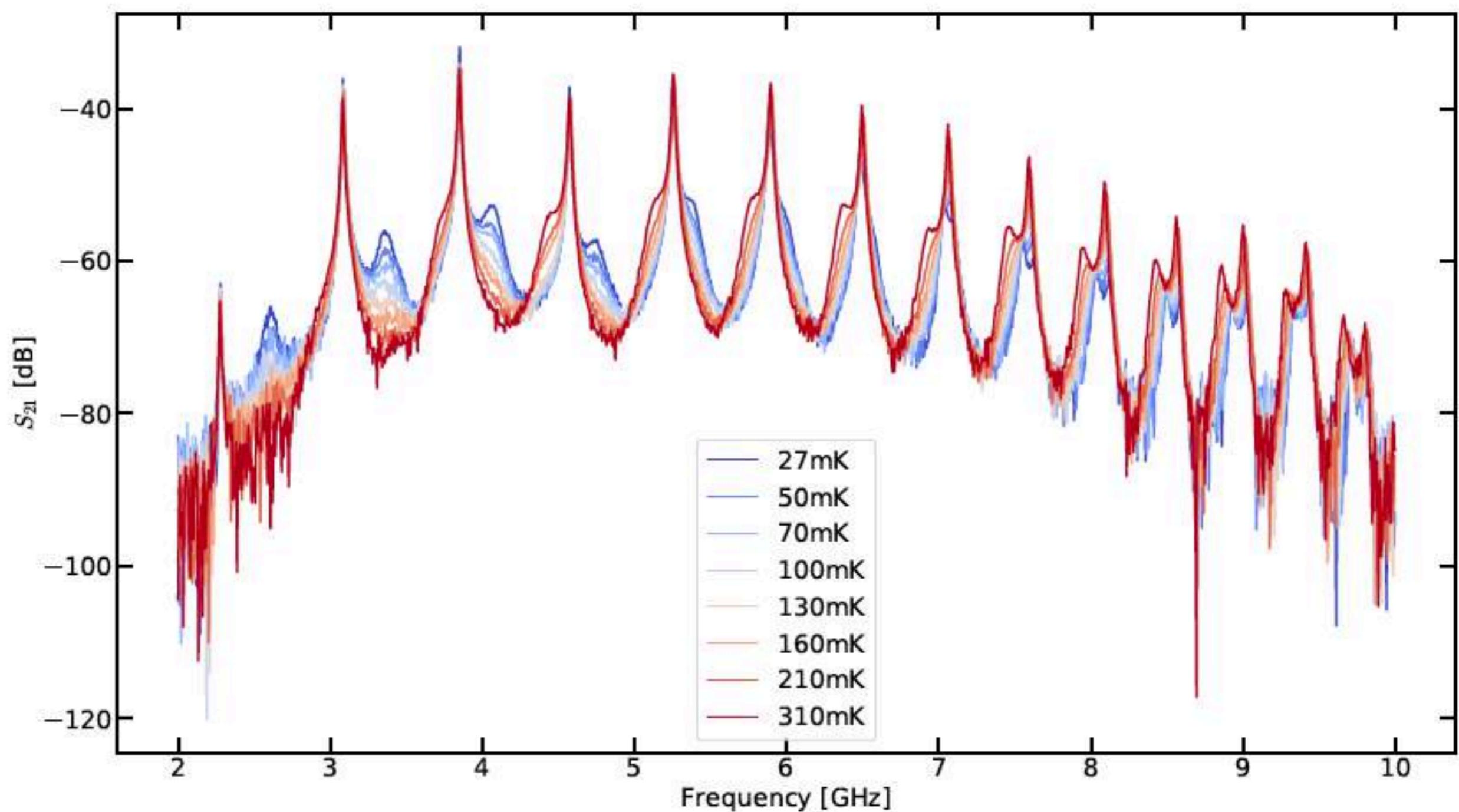
$$\Gamma/\omega_{01} \simeq 10\%$$

Finite-size chain equivalent to infinite one
(if $N_{\text{site}} \gtrsim 2000$)

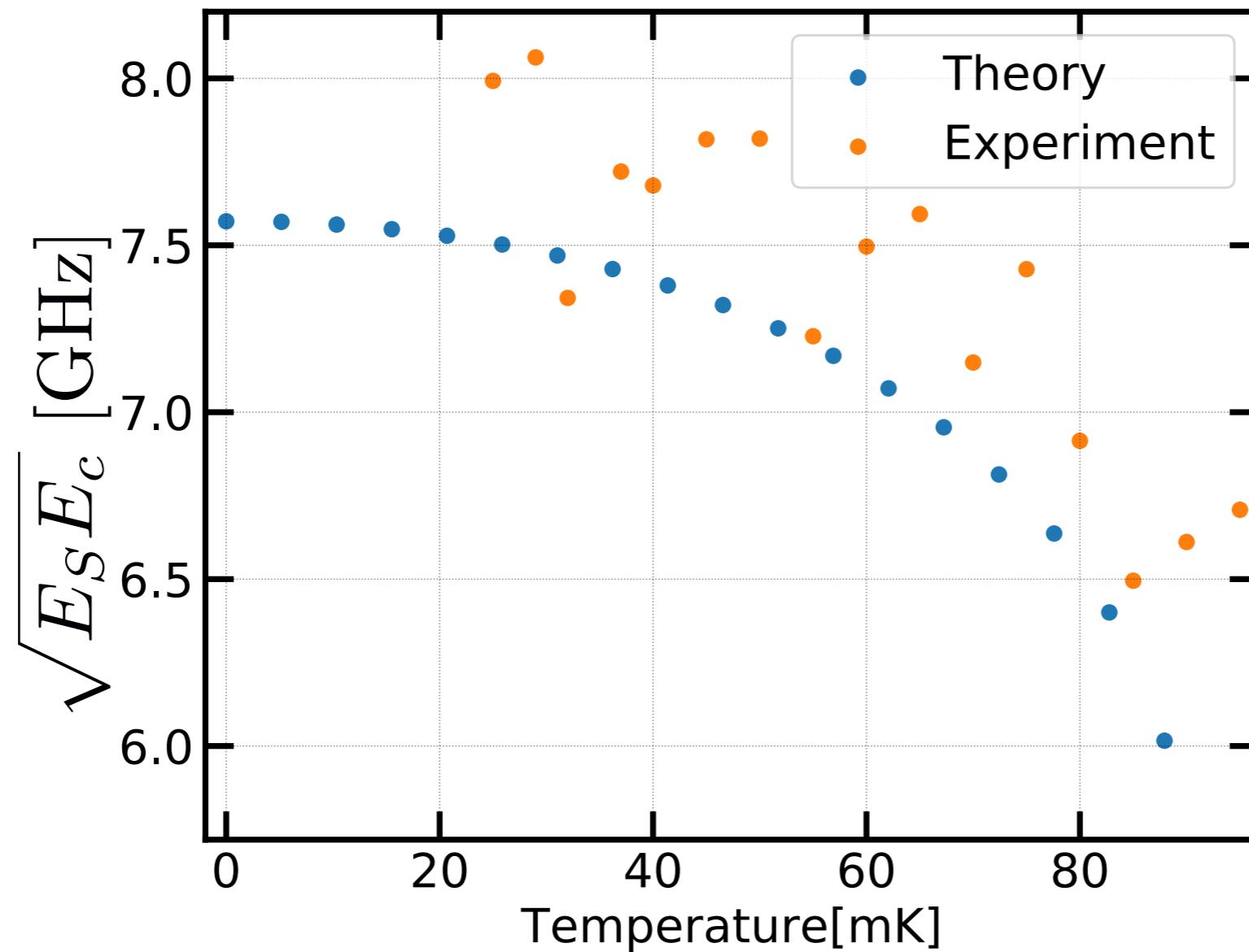
Renormalisation of the Josephson energy ?



Renormalisation of the Josephson energy ?



Renormalisation of the Josephson energy ?



Preliminary
data

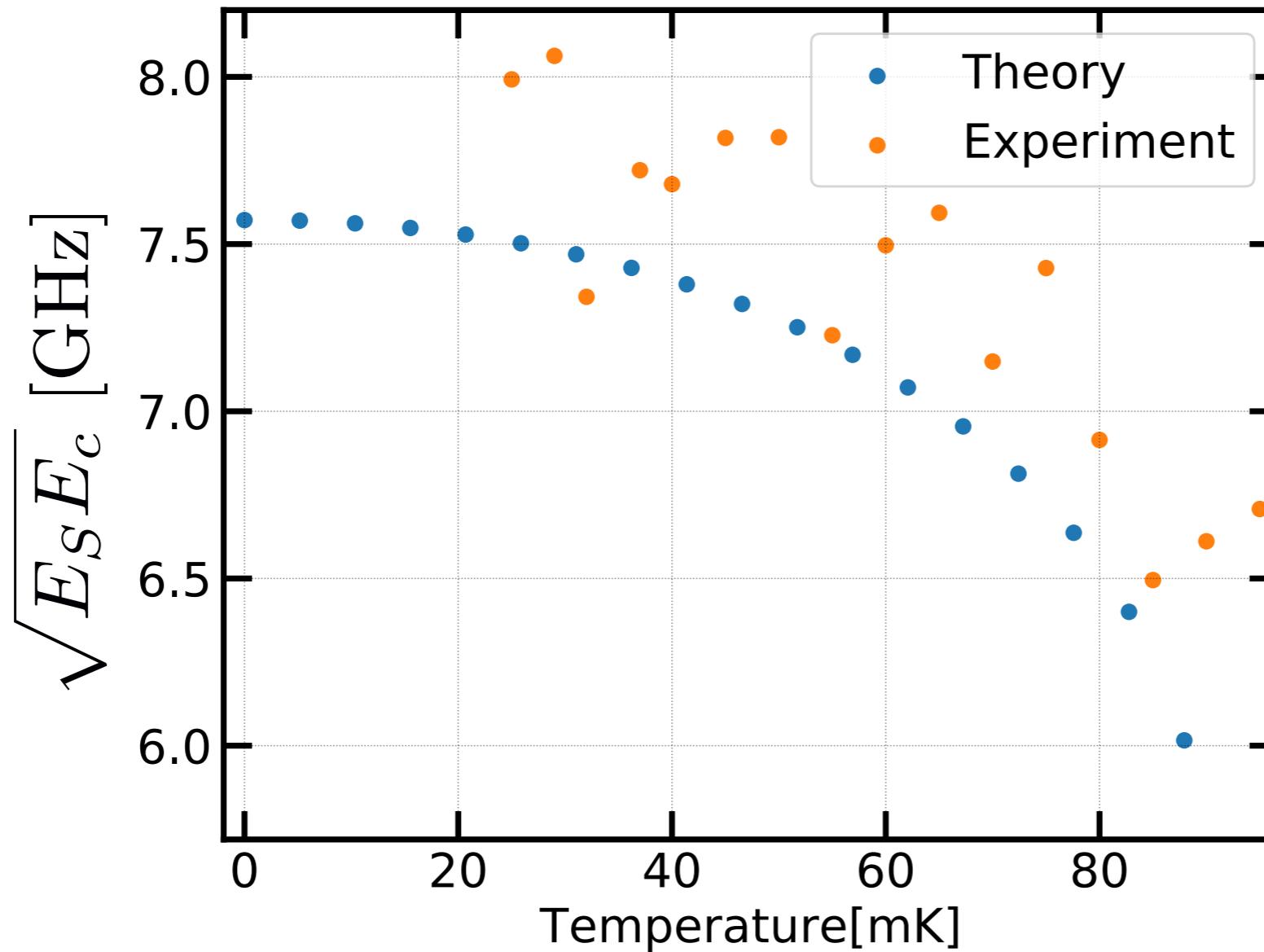
No phase fluctuation

$$\langle \varphi_T^2 \rangle = 0$$



$$\sqrt{E_s E_c} \sim 16 \text{ GHz}$$

Renormalisation of the Josephson energy ?



Preliminary
data

$$\mathcal{H} = \frac{(2e)^2}{2} \sum_{l,s} \hat{\mathbf{C}}_{l,s}^{-1} \hat{\mathbf{n}}_l \hat{\mathbf{n}}_s + \sum_l \frac{E_J}{2} (\hat{\varphi}_l - \hat{\varphi}_{l+1})^2 - E_{J,T} \cos \hat{\varphi}_T$$

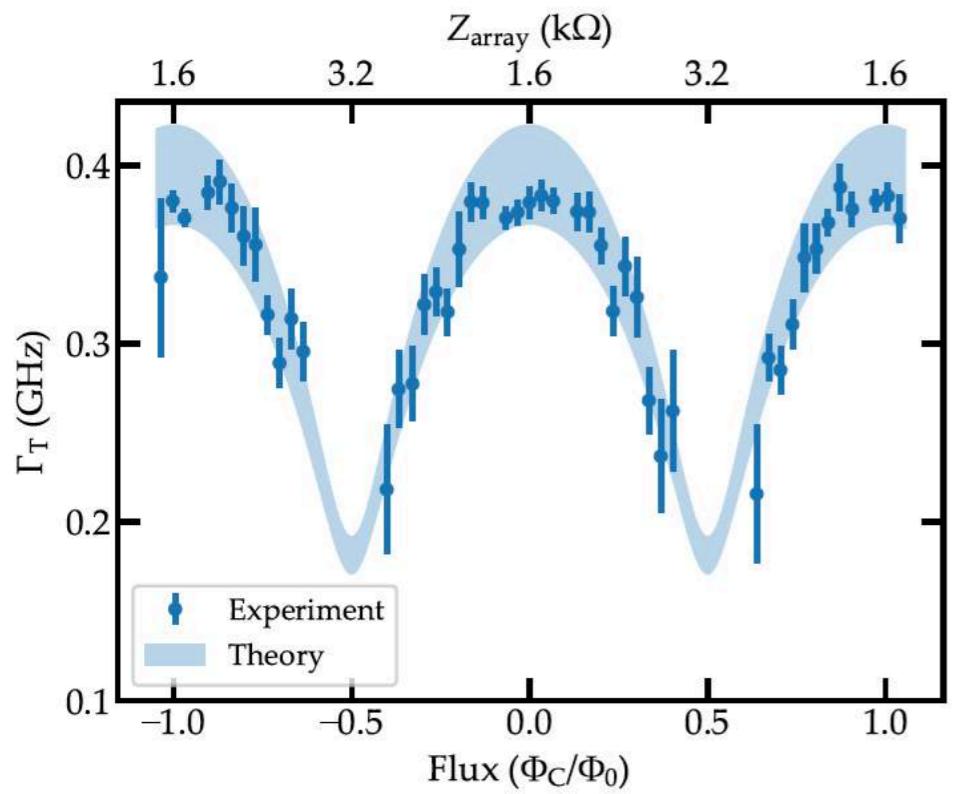
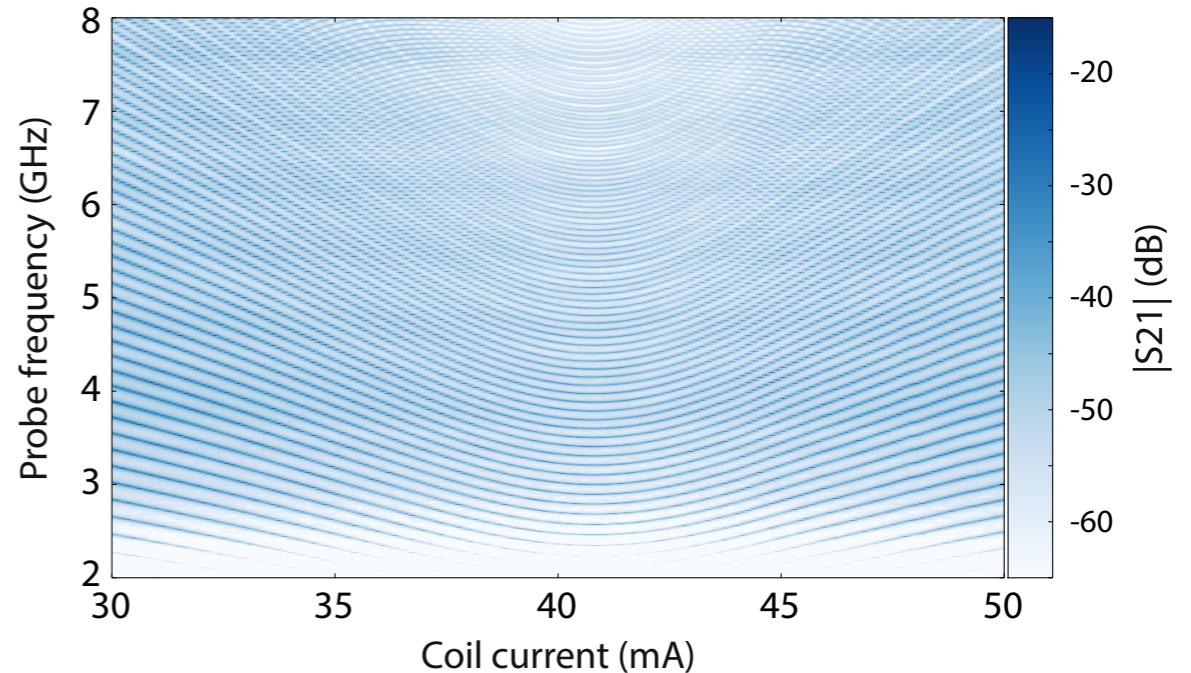
Theory: Self-Consistent Harmonic Approximation

$$-E_{J,T} \cos \hat{\varphi}_T \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad \frac{E_S}{2} \hat{\varphi}_T^2 \quad \text{with} \quad E_S = E_J e^{-\frac{1}{2} \langle \Psi | \hat{\varphi}_T^2 | \Psi \rangle}$$

Conclusion

High impedance
Josephson junction metamaterials

Y. Krupko et al., Phys. Rev. B (2018)

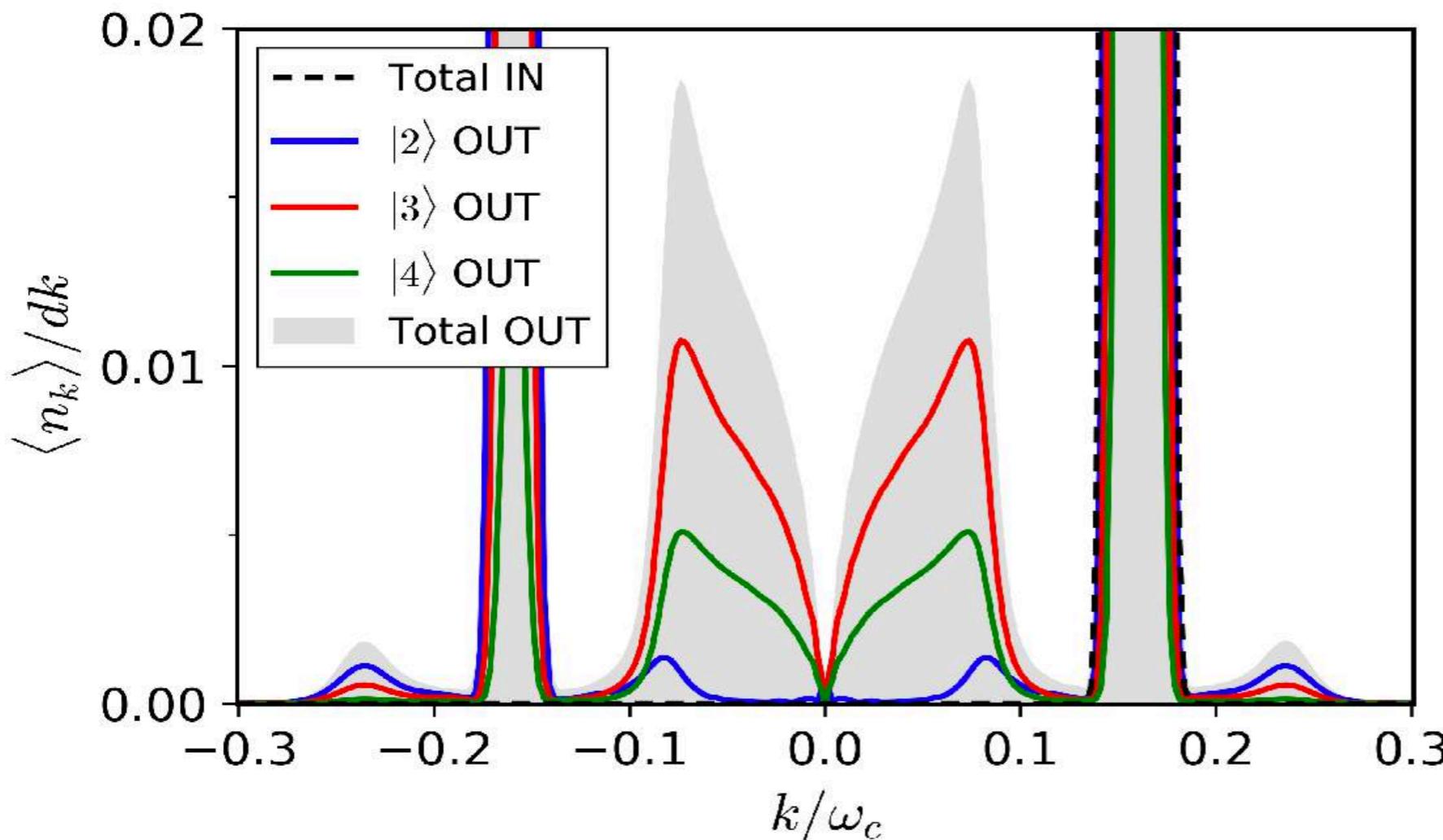


Dissipative quantum circuits:
monitoring the system AND its
bath

J. Puertas-Martinez et al.,
arxiv 1802.00633



Perspectives: linking quantum optics and many-body physics



Gheeraert et al.,
arXiv:1802.01665

Inelastic scattering
of coherent states on a many-body system

Thank you!

Remy
Dassonneville

Javier
Puertas

Wiebke
Guichard

Sébastien
Leger

Jovian
Delaforce

Cécile Naud

Olivier
Buisson

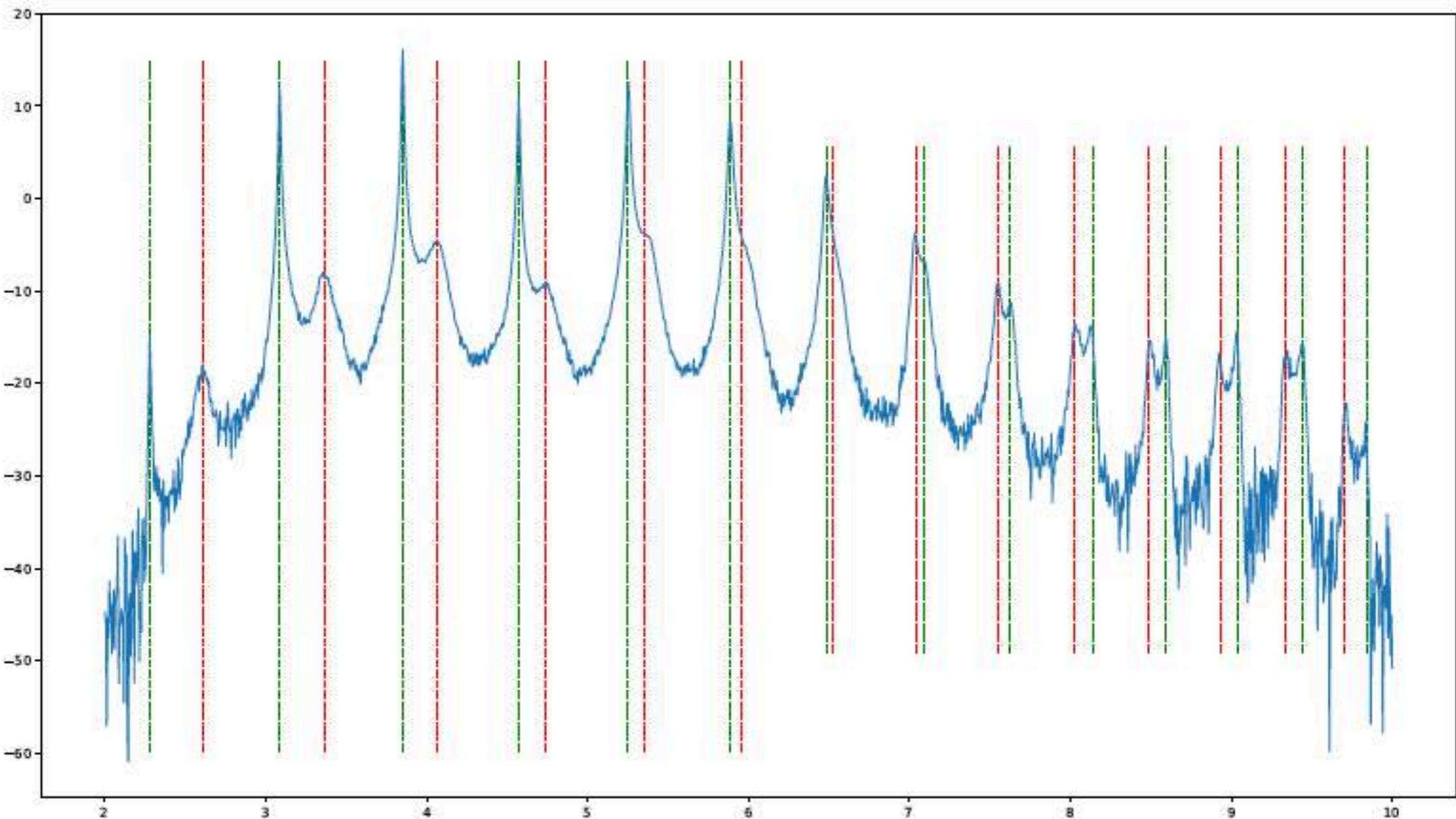
Luca
Planat

Vladimir
Milchakov



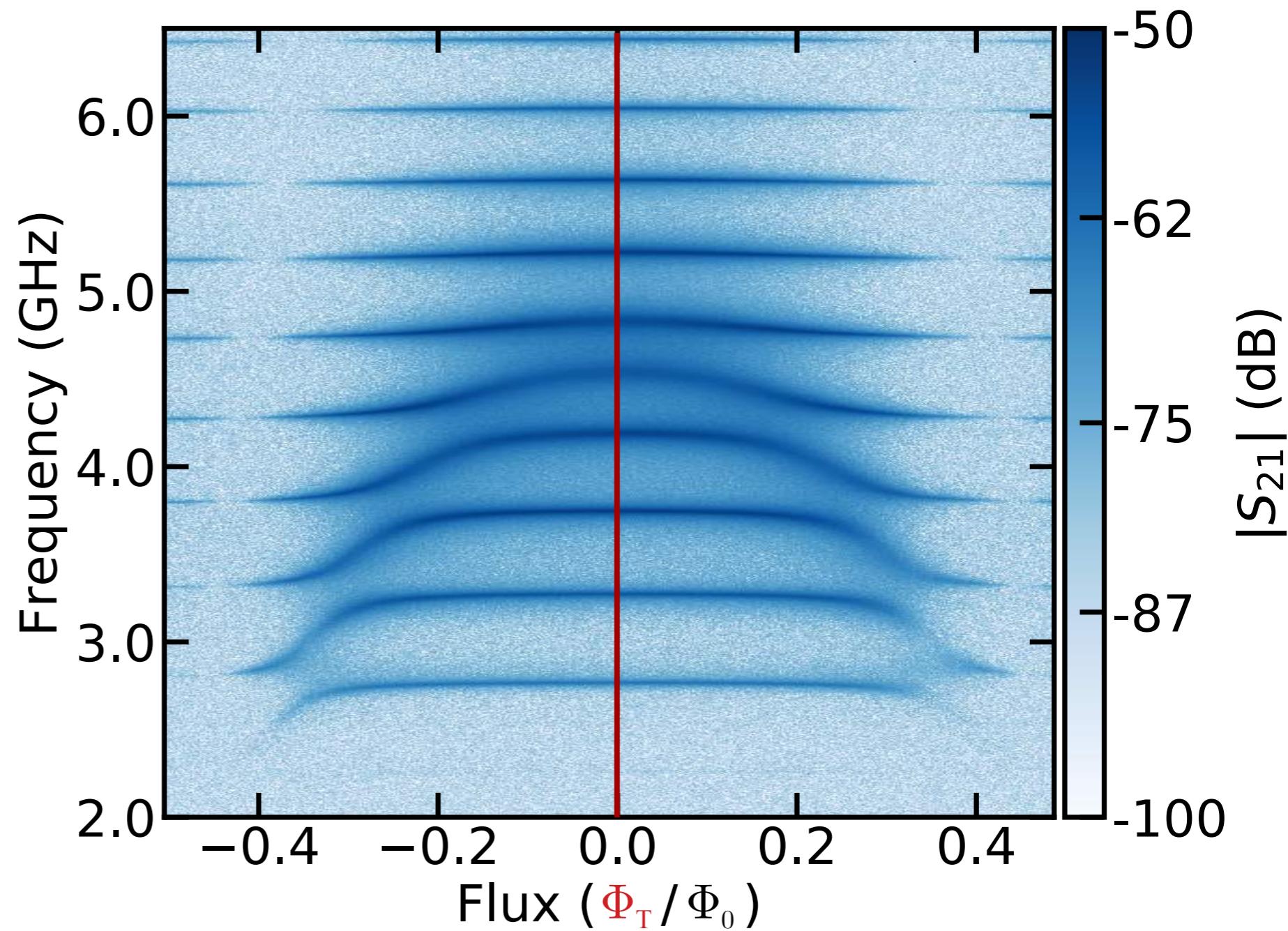
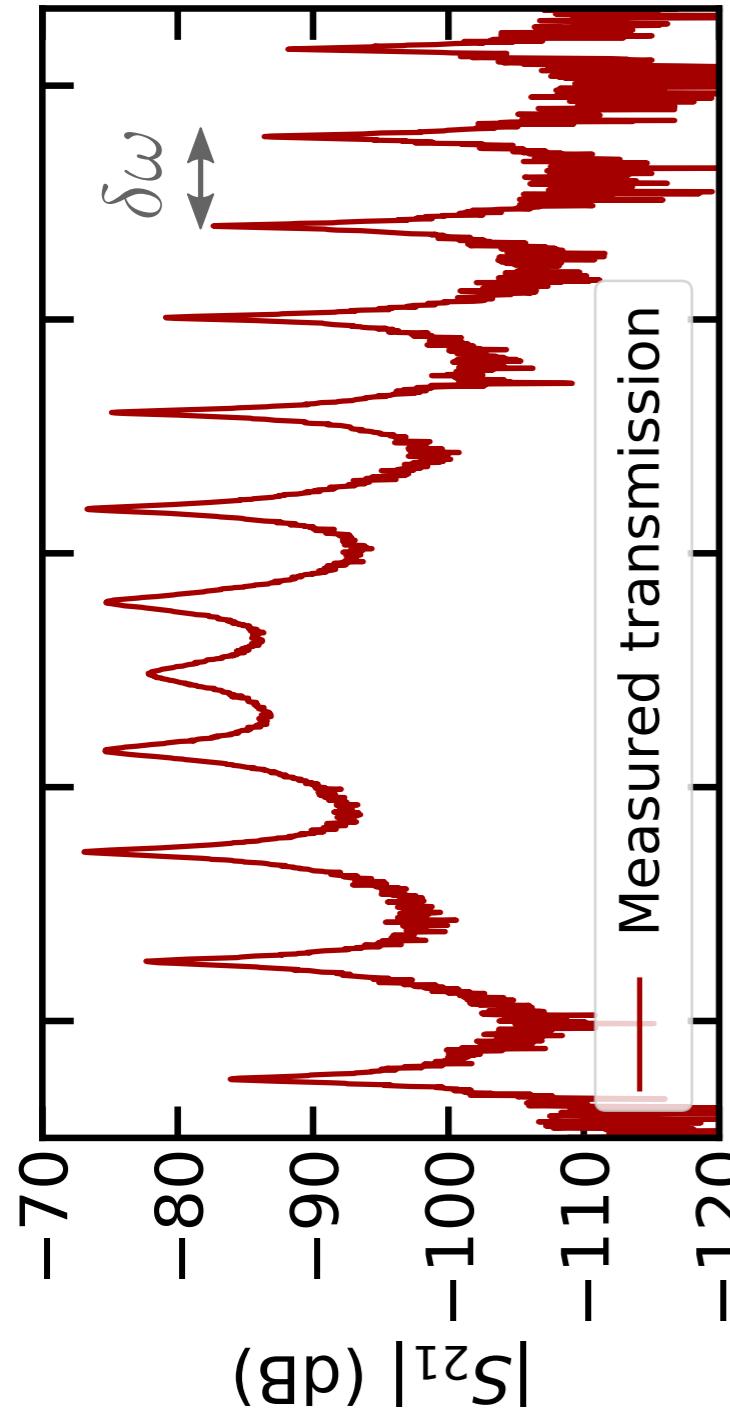
Quantum Engineering
Univ. Grenoble Alpes

$|S_{21}|$ [dB]

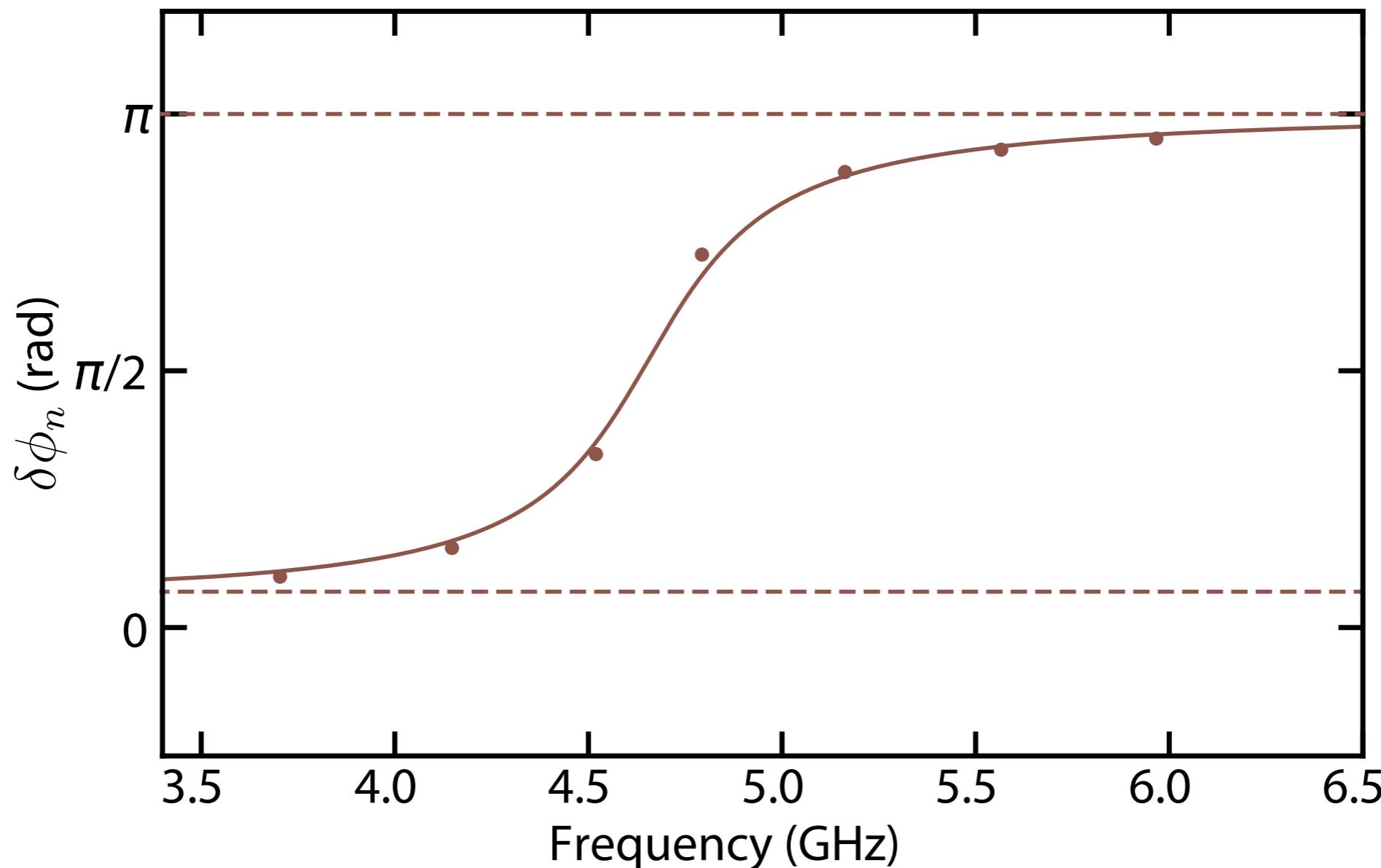


Frequency [GHz]

A Transmon coupled to a JJ meta-material



A Transmon coupled to a JJ meta-material



Transmon phase shift

$$\delta\phi_n = \pi \frac{\omega(E_J = 0) - \omega(E_J \neq 0)}{\text{FSR}}$$

Theory without free parameter

Non-linearity

